STATE OF UTAH DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

Technical Publication No. 72

RECONNAISSANCE OF THE QUALITY OF SURFACE WATER IN THE SAN RAFAEL RIVER BASIN, UTAH

by

J.C. Mundorff and Kendall R. Thompson U.S. Geological Survey

Prepared by the United States Geological Survey in cooperation with The Utah Department of Natural Resources and Energy Division of Water Rights

1982

CONTENTS

Page

Abstract	1
Introduction	2
Purpose and scope	2
Methods of investigation	2
Previous studies and acknowledgments	3
Numbering system for selected sites	3
Hydrologic setting	3
General features and climatic conditions	3
Geology	5
Water development and irrigation	5
Classification of water for public supply and irrigation	8
Chemical quality of the surface water	10
General statement	10
Variations in the general chemistry of the water	11
Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creek basins upstream	
from major diversions	11
Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creek basins downstream	
from major diversions	12
San Rafael River basin downstream from Ferron Creek	13
Trace elements	14
Other characteristics of the water	14
Fluvial sediment	16
Summary	18
References cited	18
Publications of the Utah Department of Natural Resources and Energy,	
Division of Water Rights	44

ILLUSTRATIONS

[Plates are in pocket]

- Plate 1. Generalized geologic map of the San Rafael River basin showing location of water-quality sampling sites.
 - 2. Maps showing approximate ranges of dissolved-solids concentrations in streams and chemical characteristics of the water at selected sites during August 15-25, 1977 in the San Rafael River basin.
 - Maps showing approximate ranges of dissolved-solids concentrations in streams, Juné 6-9 and September 14-15, 1977 in the San Rafael River basin.
 - 4. Maps showing approximate ranges of dissolved-solids concentrations in streams and chemical characteristics of the water at selected sites during June 5-9, 1978 in the San Rafael River basin.
 - 5. Maps showing approximate ranges of dissolved-solids concentrations in streams, March 30-April 8, April 17-20, and September 11-13, 1978 in the San Rafael River basin.

IV

ILLUSTRATIONS--Continued

Figure	1. Diagram showing numbering system for selected data sites	4
	2. Maps showing normal annual and normal October-April precipitation (1931-60) in the San Rafael River basin	6
	TABLES	
Table 1.	Ranges in concentration of dissolved-solids, sodium, and sulfate at selected sites	12
2.	Bacteriological data for selected sites	15
3.	Dissolved-oxygen concentrations at selected sites	16
4.	Suspended-sediment discharges at selected sites, August 17-18, 1977, and June 5-8, 1978	17
5.	Chemical analyses of water samples collected January 1977 to September 1978	20
6.	Summary of selected hydrologic data	34
7.	Concentrations of trace elements in water samples collected at selected sites	42

CONVERSION FACTORS

Most numbers are given in this report in inch-pound units followed by metric units. The conversion factors are shown to four significant figures. In the text, however, the metric equivalents are shown only to the number of significant figures consistent with the accuracy of the number in inch-pound units.

Inch	-pound		Metric	
Units	Abbreviation		Units	Abbreviation
(Multiply)		(by)	(to obtain)	
Acre		0.4047	Square hectometer	hm ²
Acre-foot	acre-ft	0.001233	Cubic hectometer	hmg ³
	•	1233	Cubic meter	mJ
Cubic foot per second	ft ³ /s	0.02832	Cubic meter per second	m ³ /s
Foot	ft	0.3048	Meter	m
Inch	in.	25.4	Millimeter	mm
		2.54	Centimeter	cm
Mile	mi	1.609	Kilometer	km
Square mile	mi ²	2.590	Square kilometer	km ²
Ton		0.9072	Metric ton	t

Chemical concentration and water temperature are given only in metric units. Chemical concentration is given in milligrams per liter (mg/L) or micrograms per liter (µg/L). Milligrams per liter is a unit expressing the concentration of chemical constituents in solution as weight (milligrams) of solute per unit volume (liter) of water. One thousand micrograms per liter is equivalent to one milligram per liter. For concentrations less than 7,000 mg/L, the numerical value is about the same as for concentrations in the inchpound unit, parts per million.

Water temperature is given in degrees Celsius ($^{\circ}$ C), which can be converted to degrees Fahrenheit by the following equation: $^{\circ}$ F=1.8($^{\circ}$ C)+32.

RECONNAISSANCE OF THE QUALITY OF SURFACE WATER IN THE SAN RAFAEL RIVER BASIN, UTAH

by

J. C. Mundorff and Kendall R. Thompson

ABSTRACT

The water-quality reconnaissance of the San Rafael River basin, Utah, encompassed an area of about 2,300 square miles (5,960 square kilometers). Data were obtained by the U.S. Geological Survey one or more times at 116 sites from June 1977 to September 1978. At 19 other sites visited during the same period, the streams were dry. Precipitation and stream discharge were significantly less than normal during 1977 and ranged from less than to more than normal during 1978.

Exposed rocks in the San Rafael River basin range in age from Permian to Holocene. The Carmel Formation of Jurassic age and various members of the Mancos Shale of Cretaceous age are major contributors of dissolved solids to streams in the basin.

There are eight major reservoirs having a total usable capacity of 115,000 acre-feet (142 cubic hectometers); seven are mainly for irrigation supply; one, having a usable capacity of 30,530 acre-feet (38 cubic hectometers), is for powerplant water supply. From about April to November, major diversions from Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks nearly deplete the flow downstream; during such periods, downstream flow in these streams and in the San Rafael River is mainly irrigation-return flow and some ground-water seepage.

The water at the points of major diversion on Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks is of excellent quality for irrigation; salinity hazard is low to medium, and sodium hazard is low. Dissolved-solids concentrations are less than 500 milligrams per liter.

The water at the mouths of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks has markedly larger dissolved-solids concentrations than does the water upstream from major diversions. The changes in the chemical quality occur in stream reaches that cross a belt of land 10 to 15 miles (16 to 24 kilometers) wide where the Mancos Shale is widely exposed. This also is the area where nearly all the intensive irrigation in the San Rafael River basin is practiced.

There are no perennial tributaries to the San Rafael River downstream from Ferron Creek. Except during infrequent short periods of runoff from cloudbursts or snowmelt, the flow in the San Rafael River is composed of the flow that reaches the mouths of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks. The quality of water in the mainstem of the San Rafael River is largely determined by the major consumptive use of water for irrigation in upstream areas and by the poor quality of irrigation-return flow. During the datacollection periods for this study, dissolved-solids concentrations in the San Rafael River were more than 2,000 milligrams per liter except during snowmelt runoff in June 1978 and during a major flood in August 1977. The concentrations of trace elements, with the exception of strontium, were relatively small; strontium concentrations exceeded 1,500 micrograms per liter at seven sites. Most of the suspended-sediment discharge of the San Rafael River probably occurs during a few days each year and results mainly from cloudburst runoff.

INTRODUCTION

Purpose and scope

This report on the quality of surface water in the San Rafael River basin, Utah, was prepared by the U.S. Geological Survey in cooperation with the Utah Department of Natural Resources and Energy, Division of Water Rights. The purpose of the water-quality reconnaissance on which this report is based was (1) to obtain general information about the inorganic chemical characteristics of surface water in the basin (including some effects of the natural environment and present water use on the chemical characteristics), and (2) to obtain general information about the characteristics of fluvial sediment in the basin. The reconnaissance was limited in scope; it did not include intensive study of the effects of municipal sewage, irrigation, or mining on water quality. The principal objective of the study was a general definition of water-quality characteristics of streams in the basin; a secondary objective was the definition of specific problem areas or stream reaches.

Methods of investigation

Water-quality data were obtained one or more times by the U.S. Geological Survey at 116 sites in the study area (pl. 1) during June 1977 to September 1978. At 19 other sites visited during the same period, the streams were dry. Concentrations of dissolved solids and of major ions were determined for most water samples collected. Concentrations of trace elements were determined semiquantitatively once at 20 sites and quantitatively once at 9 sites. Chemical analyses of samples obtained during this investigation were made by standard methods of the U.S. Geological Survey.

Water-quality data were obtained specifically for this investigation along with data obtained at Geological Survey gaging stations during the period January 1977 to September 1978; those data are presented in tables 5 and 7. Data obtained by the Bureau of Reclamation at several sites, and by Utah Power and Light Co. at two sites, and published data obtained by the Geological Survey before January 1977 were considered in the reconnaissance but are not given in this report. The availability of those data is shown in table 6.

The reconnaissance of the San Rafael River basin was designed primarily to define the seasonal chemical quality of water. The periods of spring runoff, summer irrigation, and fall low flow were chosen for water sampling because the extremes in chemical quality of water were expected to occur at these times. Seasonal collection of chemical quality of water data during a short period of relatively stable flow conditions is not compatible with the collection of sediment data (that are useful for the computation of the quantity and characteristics of fluvial sediment transported within and from the basin); consequently, there were insufficient sediment data from which to make reliable estimates of sediment characteristics of the basin. Most of the water-discharge data were obtained by nonstandard methods. Current meters were used for velocity determinations, but in a greatly reduced number of sections. The method provided fairly reliable approximations of discharge which were regarded as adequate for this reconnaissance.

Previous studies and acknowledgments

The geology of all or parts of the San Rafael River basin has been mapped by many workers. The geologic map used for this study was compiled by Stokes (1964). Iorns, Hembree, and Oakland (1965), described the water resources of the Upper Colorado River Basin, including that part drained by the San Rafael River. Price (1978, p. 15-23) described the relation of geology to water quality in the Upper Colorado River Basin, including that part drained by the San Rafael River. Waddell, Contratto, Sumsion, and Butler (1979) described the hydrology of the Wasatch Plateau-Book Cliffs coal-fields area, which includes part of the San Rafael River basin.

Elmer Gerhart, U.S. Geological Survey, gave valuable assistance in the collection of the field data on water quality and streamflow during the course of this study.

Numbering system for selected data sites

sites visited during this reconnaissance are numbered Most data sequentially in downstream order as shown in table 5. Some of the data sites also are assigned a site-location number along with the stream name, such as "Buckhorn Wash at mouth at (D-20-11)14cab," to specifically locate sites in areas remote from towns, roads, or other easily identifiable features. The system of numbering these sites in Utah is based on the cadastral land-survey system of the U.S. Government. The number describes the position of the site in the land net. By the land-survey system, the State is divided into four quadrants by the Salt Lake base line and meridian, and these quadrants are designated by the uppercase letters A, B, C, and D, indicating the northeast, northwest, southwest, and southeast quadrants, respectively. Numbers designating the township and range (in that order) follow the quadrant letter, and all three are enclosed in parentheses. The number after the parentheses indicates the section and is followed by one, two, or three letters indicating the quarter section, the quarter-quarter section, or the quarter-quarterquarter section. The letters a, b, c, and d indicate, respectively, the northeast, northwest, southwest, and southeast quarters of each subdivision. Thus, Buckhorn Wash at mouth at site (D-20-11)14cab is in the NW1/4NE1/4SW1/4 sec. 14, T. 20 S., R. 11 E. The numbering system is illustrated in figure 1.

HYDROLOGIC SETTING

General features and climatic conditions

The San Rafael River basin encompasses about 2,300 square miles $(5,960 \text{ km}^2)$, of which about 2,035 square miles $(5,270 \text{ km}^2)$ are in Emery County, 230

Sections within a township

Tracts within a section

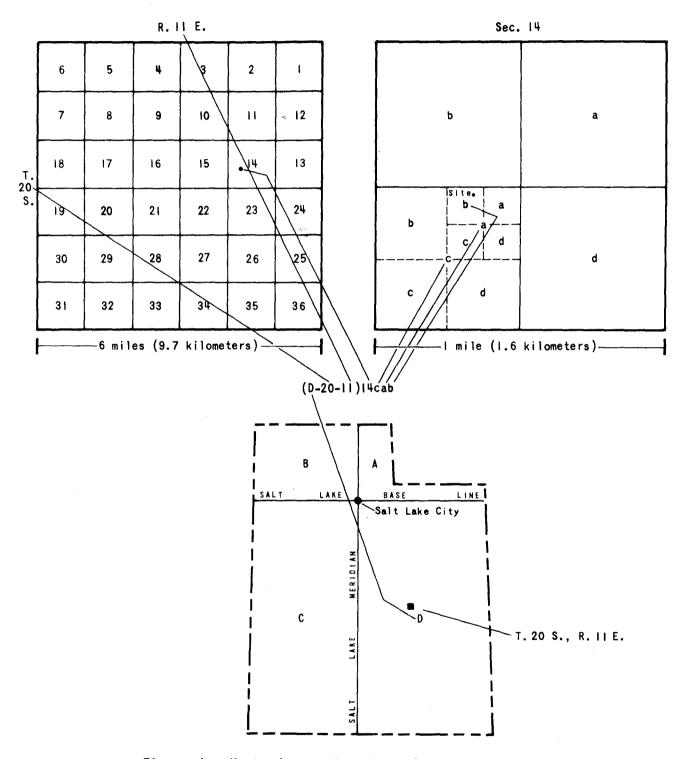


Figure I.--Numbering system for selected data sites.

square miles (595 km^2) are in Sanpete County, and about 35 square miles (90 km^2) are in Wayne County. Principal streams in the basin are Huntington and Cottonwood Creeks, which converge to form the San Rafael River, and Ferron Creek, which joins the river about one-third of a mile (0.5 km) downstream from that convergence.

Altitudes in the basin range from about 4,000 feet (1,220 m) at the mouth of the San Rafael River to 11,285 feet (3,440 m) at South Tent Mountain in the headwaters of Cottonwood Creek. Altitudes in the headwaters of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks commonly range from 9,000 to 11,000 feet (2,740 to 3,350 m).

Normal annual (1931-60) precipitation ranged from less than 6 inches (152 mm) in the eastern part of the basin to more than 40 inches (1,016 mm) in mountainous headwaters in the western part (fig.2). In these headwaters, 70 percent or more of the total annual precipitation generally falls as snow during October-April.

Drought prevailed throughout Utah during 1977. Precipitation at Emery during that year was 6.28 inches (160 mm) or 83 percent of the 1931-60 normal annual amount. The source of most of the runoff and most of the water used for irrigation in the San Rafael River basin is the mountainous headwaters. At three precipitation stations at altitudes ranging from 7,950 to 9,400 feet (2,420 to 2,865 m), precipitation during October 1976 to May 1977 ranged from only 52 to 62 percent of normal. Mean discharges during the 1977 water year at four streamflow-gaging stations in the basin ranged from 14 to 31 percent of the long-term average discharge at these stations.

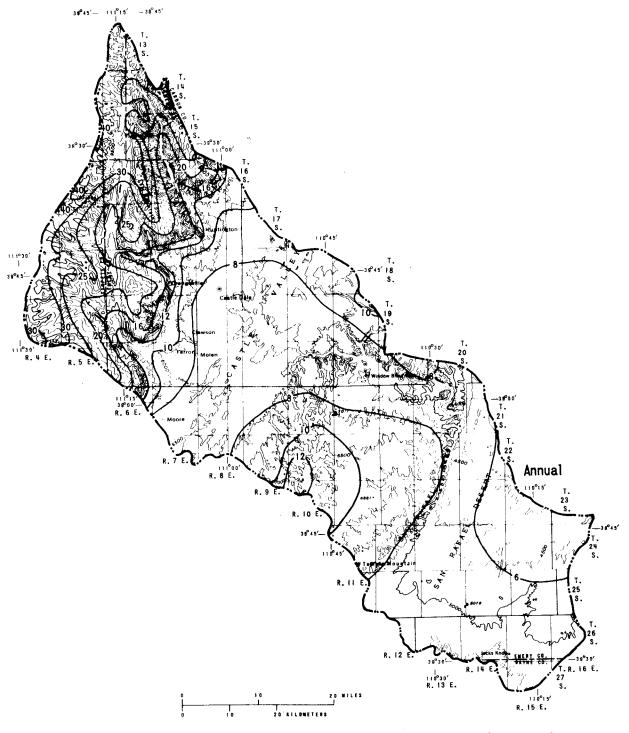
The drought ended in 1978. Precipitation at Ferron during that year was 10.47 inches (266 mm) or 129 percent of normal. Precipitation at the three previously mentioned high-altitude precipitation stations during October 1977 to May 1978 ranged from 128 to 143 percent of normal. Mean discharges during the 1978 water year at the four streamflow-gaging stations ranged from 40 to 96 percent of the long-term average.

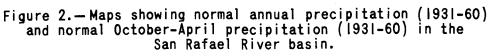
Geology

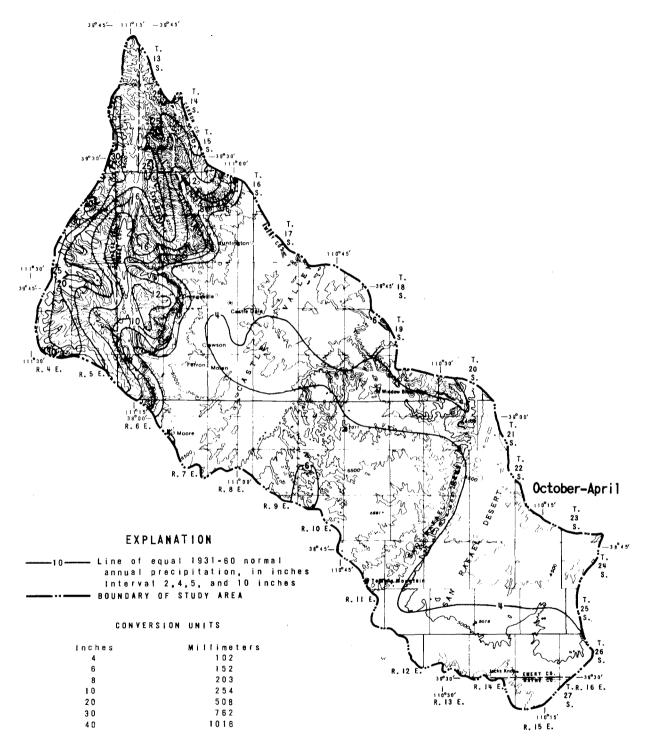
Rocks exposed in the San Rafael River basin range in age from Permian to Quaternary (pl. 1). Some units shown on plate 1 consist of several geologic formations. Others consist of only single formations that are of areal significance. The Carmel Formation of Jurassic age and various members of the Mancos Shale of Cretaceous age are major contributors of dissolved solids to streams in the basin. These rocks crop out extensively in the central part of the basin, including most areas of irrigation agriculture.

Water development and irrigation

Major water-storage facilities in the San Rafael River basin are mainly for irrigation supply; Electric Lake, a reservoir built and operated by Utah Power and Light Co., is for electric-power generation. The following table lists the major reservoirs in the San Rafael River basin:









Reservoir	Drainage basin	Usable capacity (acre-feet)
Millsite	Ferron Creek	16,700
Joes Valley	Cottonwood Creek	54,610
Miller Flat	Huntington Creek	2,450
Rolfson	do.	900
Cleveland	do.	4,000
Huntington	do.	2,460
Huntington North	do.	3,880
Electric Lake	do.	30,530
Total		115,530

During the main part of the irrigation season, from about April to November, major diversions from Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks nearly deplete the flow downstream from sites 92, 110, and 124 (pl. 1); exceptions are during peak snowmelt-runoff periods in May or early June. The diversions are not only for irrigation within the San Rafael River basin, but also for irrigation of about 13,000 acres $(5,260 \text{ hm}^2)$ in the southern part of the Price River basin, and transmountain diversions to the Sevier River basin. During the periods of major diversions, downstream flow in Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks and in the mainstem of the San Rafael River is mainly irrigation-return flow and some ground-water seepage.

CLASSIFICATION OF WATER FOR PUBLIC SUPPLY AND IRRIGATION

"The National Interim Primary Drinking Water Regulations***were promulgated on December 24, 1975, in accordance with the provisions of the Safe Drinking Water Act (Public Law 930523)***These regulations become effective on June 24, 1977, and become in essence the standards by which all public drinking water supplies are judged" (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1976, Preface). The term "maximum contaminant level" is defined as "***the maximum permissible level of a contaminant in water which is delivered to the free-flowing outlet of the ultimate user of a public water system" (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1976, p. 1). The following table lists maximum contaminant levels for inorganic chemicals other than fluoride:

Contaminant	Maximum contaminant level (mg/L)	
Arsenic	0.05	
Barium	1.0	
Cadmium	.010	
Chromium	.05	
Lead	.05	
Mercury	.002	
Nitrate (as N)	10.0	
Selenium	.01	
Silver	.05	

When the annual average of the maximum daily air temperatures for the location in which the community water system is situated is the following, the maximum contaminant levels (approval limits) and recommended control limits for fluoride (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1976, p. 5) are:

Temp	perature	for	ommended control li fluoride concentrati in milligrams per lite	ons	Approval limit
°F	°C	Lower	Optimum	Upper	(mg/L)
53.7 and below	12.0 and below	1.1	1.2	1.3	2.4
53.8 to 58.3	12.1 to 14.6	1.0	1.1	1.2	2.2
58.4 to 63.8	14.7 to 17.6	.9	1.0	1.1	2.0
63.9 to 70.6	17.7 to 21.4	.8	.9	1.0	1.8
70.7 to 79.2	21.5 to 26.2	.7	.8	.9	1.6
79.3 to 90.5	26.3 to 32.5	.6	.7	.8	1.4

To provide a basis for evaluating a water source for a specific water use, the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (1972, p. 50-94) recommended that water used for public supplies not exceed the listed concentrations of the following constituents:

Constituent	Concentration (mg/L)
Chloride	250
Copper	1
Iron	.3
Manganese	.05
Sulfate	250
Zinc	5

The property of hardness has been associated with effects observed in the use of soap; hardness may be said to represent the soap-consuming capacity of a water. Because hardness is not attributable to a single constituent but to the presence of alkaline earths--mainly calcium and magnesium--it is usually reported in terms of an equivalent concentration of calcium carbonate. Hardness, as calcium carbonate, is usually computed by multiplying the sum of milliequivalents per liter of calcium and magnesium by 50. Durfor and Becker (1964, p. 27) use the following classification of hardness ranges:

Classification	Hardness range (mg/L of CaCO ₃)
Soft	0- 60
Moderately hard	61-120
Hard	121-180
Very hard	More than 180

A diagram for the classification of irrigation waters was devised by the U.S. Salinity Laboratory Staff (1954, p. 80). The U.S. Salinity Laboratory Staff emphasizes that in the classification of irrigation waters, the assumption is made that the water will be used under average conditions with respect to soil texture, infiltration rate, drainage, quantity of water used, and salt tolerance of the crops. Large deviations from the average for one or more of these variables may make the use of the water unsuitable for irrigation. For example, if the water is applied to heavy-textured poorly drained soils in an area of extremely large evaporation rates, the salinity and sodium hazards (table 6) would increase.

A number of plants and crops adaptable to the San Rafael River basin are sensitive to boron. These include various types of beans, grapes, bell peppers, pumpkins, oats, as well as apricot, peach, cherry, apple, and pear trees (U.S. Salinity Laboratory Staff, 1954, table 9). The occurrence of boron in toxic concentrations in irrigation waters makes it necessary to consider this element in assessing water quality. The permissible limits of boron for several classes of irrigation waters (U.S. Salinity Laboratory Staff, 1954, table 14) are given below:

	Permissible 1	imits, in microgram	ms per liter ¹
Boron class	Sensitive crops	Semitolerant crops	Tolerant crops
1	Less than 330	Less than 670	Less than 1,000
2	330 to 670	670 to 1,330	1,000 to 2,000
3	670 to 1,000	1,330 to 2,000	2,000 to 3,000
4	1,000 to 1,250	2,000 to 2,500	3,000 to 3,750
5	More than 1,250	More than 2,500	More than 3,750

¹Many tables in the literature on irrigation practices express the limits in milligrams per liter (mg/L) or in parts per million (ppm); 1 mg/L or 1 ppm is equivalent to 1,000 μ g/L (micrograms per liter) for the concentration range in the above table. To convert the above concentrations in μ g/L to mg/L (or to ppm) when the density of the water is near unity, move the decimal place three places to the left. For example, 0.67 milligrams per liter equals 670 micrograms per liter.

CHEMICAL QUALITY OF THE SURFACE WATER

General statement

The chemical composition of natural water is derived from many different sources of solutes, including gases and aerosols from the atmosphere, weathering and erosion of rocks and soil, solution or precipitation reactions occuring below the land surface, and effects resulting from activities of man (Hem, 1970, p. 1). The streams in the San Rafael River basin drain diverse terrane having markedly different geology, land use, vegetation, altitude, and climate. Some general chemical characteristics of the water at 116 sites in the San Rafael River basin are given in table 6. In this table, the columns "Dominant cations" and "Dominant anions" list the ions that, if expressed as milliequivalents per liter, are usually dominant during either low flow or high flow. If more than one cation or anion is shown as dominant, they are listed in the relative order of dominance. Because some of the streams have water of highly variable composition, the relative order of dominance is not always the same under a given flow condition. The classification of the water relative to salinity hazard and sodium hazard under "Water-supply problems" is according to U.S. Salinity Laboratory Staff (1954, p. 80); the classification for hardness is according to Durfor and Becker (1964, p.27).

Approximate ranges of dissolved-solids concentrations in the water in streams in the San Rafael River basin are shown on plates 2-5 during seven periods in 1977 and 1978. For some of the streams during some periods, ranges are shown for reaches that extend for appreciable distances upstream from the most upstream sampling site. For such reaches, the ranges are estimates based on data collected during other periods, on geology, and on land use. For some of the streams, flow was observed at upstream sites but the stream was dry at a downstream site; in such cases, the point at which flow ceased was estimated. Plates 2 and 4 show graphically the major cations and anions, expressed in milliequivalents per liter, in the water at selected sites in the basin during August 1977 and June 1978.

Variations in the general chemistry of the water

Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creek basins upstream from major diversions

The San Rafael River basin upstream from major diversions includes the Huntington Creek basin upstream from site 92, the Cottonwood Creek basin upstream from site 110, and the Ferron Creek basin upstream from site 124 (pl. 1). Data collected at sites 92-99, 110-116, and 124-127 (tables 5-7) are representative of the general chemical quality of surface water in these headwater areas. At all these sites, except site 112, the dissolved-solids concentrations of the waters sampled were less than 500 milligrams per liter. The dissolved-solids concentration on water sampled at site 112 exceeded 500 milligrams per liter. Water sampled at all sites generally was of the calcium bicarbonate or calcium magnesium bicarbonate type.

Rocks in the Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creek basins upstream from sites 92, 110, and 124 are of Tertiary and Cretaceous age (pl. 1) and contain small amounts of readily soluble minerals such as gypsum. Altitudes generally are between 6,000 and 11,000 feet (1,830 and 3,350 m). Most of the area is forested, and grazing is the principal land use. Water available for diversion immediately downstream from sites 92, 110, and 124 is of excellent quality for irrigation. Generally, the salinity hazard is low to medium, and the sodium hazard is low. Nearly all the flow of the streams is diverted for irrigation during April-November, except for a few days in May or June during maximum snowmelt discharge of the streams. Because the flow having low dissolved-solids concentrations is diverted, it is not available for downstream dilution of the more mineralized natural inflow or irrigation-return flow to the streams.

Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creek basins downstream from major diversions

The mouths of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks are all within the same section of land (sec. 21, T. 19 S., R. 9 E.). The San Rafael River is formed by the confluence of Huntington and Cottonwood Creeks; Ferron Creek joins the San Rafael River about one-third of a mile (0.5 km) downstream from this confluence.

The water at the mouths of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks has markedly larger dissolved-solids concentrations than the water at sites 92, 110, and 124. Sites 31 and 33 are regarded as representative of water at or near the mouth of Huntington Creek, sites 35, 36, and 38 as representative of water of the mouth of Cottonwood Creek, and sites 29, 39, and 39.5 as representative of water of the mouth of Ferron Creek. The very large increases in dissolved-solids, sodium, and sulfate concentrations between the major diversions and the mouths of these three streams, are shown in table 1.

Range, in milligrams per liter						
Stream and site numbers	Dissolved solids ¹	Sodium (Na)	Sulfate (SO ₄)			
Huntington Creek						
92	155 - 305	2.1-13	14-67			
31,33	761-6,250	83-1,100	390-4,200			
Cottonwood Creek						
110	208-407	11-42	21-110			
35, 36, 38	305-5,720	320-1,100	1,500-3,800			
Ferron Creek						
124, 125	217-499	5.8-47	29-210			
29, 39, 39.5	473-9,630	240-1,400	1,100-5,300			

Table 1.--Ranges in concentration of dissolved solids, sodium, and sulfate at selected sites

¹Data obtained by Bureau of Reclamation (sites 36, 39, 39.5, and 125) and by Utah Power and Light Co. (site 92) are included.

The consistently large increases in dissolved-solids concentrations and the major changes in the chemical quality of the water are shown on plates 2-5. The changes occur in stream reaches that cross a belt of land 10 to 15 miles (16 to 24 km) wide where rocks of the Mancos Shale are widely exposed, and where nearly all the intensive irrigation in the San Rafael River basin is practiced. The pronounced degradation in the quality of the water in the streams results from the following:

- 1. Most, and at times all, of the excellent quality runoff from areas upstream from sites 92, 110, and 124 is diverted for irrigation downstream from these sites.
- 2. Downstream from sites 92, 110, and 124, small amounts of natural runoff having relatively large dissolved-solids concentrations may enter the flow-depleted streams.
- 3. Downstream from sites 92, 110, and 124, relatively large amounts of irrigation-return flow having relatively large dissolved-solids concentrations probably enters the flow-depleted streams. The soils that are irrigated and from which return flow enters the streams are commonly developed on gypsum-bearing Mancos Shale.

During an appreciable part of each year, only part of the water that reaches the mouths of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks is undiverted flow from the headwaters; some of the flow is an accretion of different water that enters the stream downstream from diversions and that has markedly different chemical characteristics than those of the diverted water. As is evident from plates 2-5, degradation of water quality of the streams begins immediately downstream from the major diversions, whether during extremely low flow in drought periods (pl. 2) or during peak snowmelt periods (pl. 4).

San Rafael River basin downstream from Ferron Creek

No perennial tributaries enter the San Rafael River downstream from Ferron Creek. Except during infrequent short periods of runoff from cloudbursts or snowmelt, the flow in the San Rafael River is composed of the flow that reaches the mouths of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks. On June 7, 1977, flow reached the mouths of all three creeks; on August 3, 1977, Ferron Creek at mouth (site 29) was dry; on August 16-17, 1977, Ferron Creek at mouth and Huntington Creek at mouth (site 31) were dry. Thus, the San Rafael River generally is a composite of variable proportions of water from the drainage areas of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks. No significant diversions or other consumptive uses by man affect the flow in the mainstem of the San Rafael River. Evaporation, evapotranspiration, and seepage losses from the channel may result in flow depletion.

The quality of water in the mainstem of the San Rafael River is largely determined by the major consumptive use of water for irrigation in upstream areas and by the poor quality of the irrigation-return flow. Although evaporation from the channel and evapotranspiration along the channel probably result in some additional degradation of the quality of water in the San Rafael River, the general chemical characteristics of the water in the river are established in the downstream parts of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creek basins.

Plates 2-5 show that dissolved-solids concentrations in the San Rafael River were more than 2,000 milligrams per liter, except during a period of snowmelt in June 1978 and at San Rafael River at mouth (site 1) during a major flood in August 1977. This flood apparently was caused by runoff from cloudbursts downstream from site 26 (pl. 1) on August 17-18, 1977. Dissolvedsolids concentrations during the flood remained more than 2,000 milligrams per liter in the San Rafael River except at the mouth (site 1) where the concentration was 1,860 milligrams per liter at a water discharge of 1,220 cubic feet per second $(34.55 \text{ m}^3/\text{s})$. The relatively large dissolved-solids concentrations during floodflow may be caused by the re-solution of salts deposited in the mainstem and some tributary channels during periods of low Concentrations at tributary sites 6, 7.2, 8, and 9 during this same flow. period of cloudburst runoff (pl. 2 and table 5) show that dissolved-solids concentrations ranged from only 234 to 440 milligrams per liter. Inflow from these tributaries into the downstream part of the San Rafael River resulted in dilution of the dissolved solids in the mainstem.

Trace elements

Substances that typically occur in concentrations of less than 1.0 milligram per liter (1,000 g/L) are commonly referred to as "minor" or "trace" elements or constituents (Hem, 1970, p. 188). Samples were obtained at 20 sites for determination of 25 trace elements by semiquantitative methods, which result in data that are only approximations of true values (table 7). These data were used to select 10 sites at which samples were obtained for determination of 12 trace elements by standard quantitative methods (table 7). Both quantitative and semiquantitative methods were used for 9 of these 12 trace elements; thus one or both methods were used for a total of 28 trace elements.

The concentrations of trace elements with the exception of strontium, were small. Strontium concentrations that exceed 1,500 micrograms per liter are considered large (Skougstad and Horr, 1963, p. 63). Strontium concentrations at sites 1, 12, 29, 31, 35, 68, and 73 exceeded 1,500 micrograms per liter.

Other characterisitcs of the water

Since 1880, total coliform bacteria have been used as indicators of sanitary quality of water. Fecal coliform and fecal streptococcus bacteria are a more specific indicator of warm-blooded animal contamination. During September 1977, all three bacteria types (total coliform, fecal coliform, and fecal streptococcus) were sampled at eight sites, generally upstream and downstream from populated areas. Data obtained during this single period are not adequate for a general evaluation of the sanitary quality of the water but may be used as a rough indicator of the quality. Results of the bacteriological analyses are reported in number of colonies per 100 milliliters of water sample (table 2).

Total coliform bacteria densities should not exceed 20,000 per 100 milliliters, and fecal coliform bacteria densities should not exceed 2,000 per 100 milliliters in raw surface waters intended for public-water supplies (U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1972, p. 58). A ratio has been developed to

help clarify results of bacteriological analyses. If, for each sample, the fecal coliform bacteria count is divided by the fecal streptococcus bacteria count, a useful ratio is formed.

Fecal coliform bacteria Fecal streptococcus bacteria = Ratio

The ratio can be interpreted as follows:

If the ratio is greater than or equal to 4, it indicates that pollution is derived from human wastes.

If the ratio is less than or equal to 0.7, it indicates that pollution is derived from livestock or poultry.

If the ratio is between 0.7 and 4, it indicates mixed pollution sources.

		Colonies per 100 mL of water				
Creek	Site No.	Total coliform bacteria	Fecal coliform bacteria	Fecal streptococcus bacteria	Ratio FC/FS	
Ferron	125	380	8	61	0.13	
	29	3,900	120	220	•54	
Cottonwood	104	600	24	39	.62	
	35	4,100	80	180	.44	
Huntington	92	47	8	27	.30	
0	60	3,000	88	96	.92	
	46	1,000	400	420	•95	
	31	3,700	120	24	5.0	

Table 2.--Bacteriological data for selected sites

A sample was obtained on April 18, 1978, at San Rafael River near Green River (site 12) which is downstream from all irrigated areas in the basin. The sample was analyzed to determine the presence of the following pesticides: 2,4-DP, 2,4-D, 2,4,5-T, Aldrin, Chlordane, Chlorpyrifos, DDD, DDE, DDT, Diazinon, Dieldrin, Endosulfan, Endrin, Parathion, Trithion, Ethion, Heptachlor epoxide, Heptachlor, Lindane, Malathion, Methyl parathion, Methyl trithion, PCB, PCN Perthane, Silvex, and Toxaphene. None of these pesticides were detected in the sample.

Oxygen dissolved in water is derived from the air and from the oxygen given off in the process of photosynthesis by aquatic plants. The solubility of oxygen in water is mainly dependent on three factors:

- 1. Temperature: As the water temperature increases, the ability of water to retain dissolved oxygen decreases.
- 2. Atmospheric pressure: As atmospheric pressure increases, the solubility of oxygen in water increases.
- 3. Dissolved solids: As the dissolved-solids concentration of a water increases, the water's ability to retain dissolved oxygen decreases.

the dissolved-oxygen concentration of a stream changes Because seasonally and may change very rapidly diurnally, a measurement of dissolved oxygen is representative only of a specific place and time of measurement. The few dissolved-oxygen data presented in table 3 are definitive of neither annual or diurnal conditions and were obtained only to locate possible problem areas for future studies. The data indicate that dissolved-oxygen relatively large, even when water temperatures and concentrations are dissolved-solids concentrations are relatively large.

Site No.	Site	Date	Dissolved solids (mg/L)	Water temperature (^O C)	Dissolved oxygen (mg/L)
41	Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)13ddd, near Ferron	9-12-78	1,980	18.5	10.2
46	Huntington Creek at country road, at (D-18-9)8dba	9-12-78	3,800	10.0	8.0
60	Huntington Creek at Highway U-10, at (D-17-9)18ccb	9-11-78	1,810	20.0	8.3
68	Cottonwood Creek at (D-18-8)33bda, at Castledale	9-12-78	1,910	14.0	10.8
73	Rock Canyon Creek at Highway U-10, at (D-19-7)24adb	9-12-78	2,650	16.0	8.7
79	Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)15bcc, at Ferron	9-12-78	977	16.0	8.7
92	Huntington Creek above Fish Creek, near Huntington	9-11-78	181	12.0	8.6
104	Cottonwood Creek below diversion, at (D-18-7)24aad	9-13-78	309	12.5	8.8
110	Cottonwood Creek near Orangeville	9-12-78	226	9.0	9.2
124	Ferron Creek below reservoir, at (D-20-7)7bbb	9-12-78	295	16.0	8.0
125	Ferron Creek (upper station) near Ferron	9-13-78	304	6.5	9.7

Table 3.—Dissolved-oxygen concentrations at selected sites

FLUVIAL SEDIMENT

Most of the sediment discharge by streams in arid and semiarid regions is transported during short periods of time during normal years. The largest suspended-sediment concentrations and discharges are characteristic of highintensity runoff and usually occur as a result of runoff from cloudbursts. Sediment concentration and discharge during snowmelt runoff may increase significantly from concentrations and discharges during base flow but are small relative to those during high-intensity runoff from cloudbursts.

In general, suspended-sediment concentrations increase with increasing discharge of a stream, but dissolved-solids concentrations decrease with increasing water discharge. Thus, the quality of water, relative to its sediment content, generally is best during periods of low flow; the quality of

water, relative to its chemical content, generally is best during periods of high flow. Furthermore, the range in sediment concentrations generally is much greater than the range in dissolved-solids concentrations; sediment concentrations may range from a few hundred or less to more than 100,000 milligrams per liter during a few hours.

The reconnaissance of the quality of surface water in the San Rafael River basin was designed primarily to define the chemical quality at selected times during the year. The scope of this investigation was limited and did not include special efforts to obtain water-quality data--either chemical quality or sediment--during cloudburst runoff. During any given reconnaissance of a single-stream system, cloudburst runoff is not desirable once the data collection has started because comparability of data obtained during similar runoff conditions throughout the system is not avaiable. Occasionally, however, such runoff does occur during one of the data-collection periods and offers the opportunity to obtain sediment data during one of the relatively rare periods of high-intensity runoff. On August 17-18, 1977, intense cloudbursts and runoff in the San Rafael River basin downstream from site 26 resulted in a major flood on the San Rafael River. Data obtained during this flood are shown in table 4. Water discharge and suspendedsediment concentration and discharge at some time during the flood were probably much greater than the single values shown for each site. These data are indicative, however, of discharges and concentrations to be expected during major floods on the San Rafael River. The suspended-sediment discharges determined during this flood indicate that an annual suspendedsediment discharge ranging from 300,000 to 1,000,000 tons (272,000 to 907,000 t) might be expected during many years.

Site No.	Site	Date	Water discharge (ft ³ /s)	Suspended- sediment concentration (mg/L)	Suspended- sediment discharge (tons/day)
1	San Rafael River at mouth	8-18-77	1,220	56,300	182,000
7	San Rafael River above Iron Wash	8-18-77	500	96,600	130,000
12	San Rafael River near Green River (09328500)	8-18-77	440	81,200	96,500
13	San Rafael River at Highway I-70	8-18-77	450	60,500	73,500
19	Buckhorn Wash below Furniture Draw	8-17-77	.1	22,300	6.0
35	Cottonwood Creek at mouth	6- 7-78	16	179	7.7
60	Huntington Creek at State Highway U-10	6- 5-78	85	404	93
69	Drain at State Highway U-10	6- 7-78	12	276	8.9
73	Rock Canyon Creek at State Highway U-10	6- 8-78	.5	49	.07
79	Ferron Creek at Ferron	6-8-78	22	64	3.8
110	Cottonwood Creek near Orangeville	6- 7-78	119	110	35

Table 4.—Suspended-sediment discharges at selected sites, August 17-18, 1977, and June 5-8, 1978

Data shown in table 4 for selected sites during June 5-8, 1978, are indicative of the small suspended-sediment concentrations during most of each year. Although water discharges resulting from snowmelt were appreciably greater than base flow during much of the year, the suspended-sediment concentrations and discharges were small. A reasonable conclusion is that 90 percent or more of the annual suspended-sediment discharge of the San Rafael River commonly occurs in 10 percent or less of the time each year.

SUMMARY

- 1. The dissolved-solids concentrations of water in Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks upstream from major diversions are nearly always less than 500 milligrams per liter. The water is of excellent quality for irrigation; salinity hazard generally is low to medium, and the sodium hazard is low.
- 2. The dissolved-solids concentrations of the water in Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks increase markedly between the major diversions and the mouths of these streams. The increases in the concentrations of sodium and sulfate are especially large.
- 3. During an appreciable part of each year, the water that reaches the mouths of Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks is an accretion of water that enters the streams downstream from the major diversions and is a composite of ground-water seepage and significant amounts of irrigationreturn flow.
- 4. The chemical quality of the water in the San Rafael River downstream from Ferron Creek is largely determined by the contributions from Huntington, Cottonwood, and Ferron Creeks. The general chemical characteristics of the San Rafael River remain relatively unchanged between Ferron Creek and the mouth of the San Rafael River.
- 5. The concentrations of trace elements, with the exception of strontium were small. Concentration of strontium exceeded 1,500 micrograms per liter at seven sites.
- 6. Most of the suspended-sediment discharge probably occurs during a few days each year and results mainly from cloudburst runoff.

REFERENCES CITED

- Durfor, C. N., and Becker, Edith, 1964, Public water supplies of the 100 largest cities of the United States, 1962: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper 1812.
- Hem, J. D., 1970, Study and interpretation of the chemical characteristics of natural water, [2nd ed.]: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper 1473.
- Iorns, W. V., Hembree, C. H., and Oakland, G. L., 1965, Water resources of the Upper Colorado River Basin--Technical Report: U.S. Geological Survey Professional Paper 441.

- Price, Don, 1978, Geology-relationship to water quality; <u>in</u> The effects of surface disturbance on the salinity of public lands in the Upper Colorado River Basin: U.S. Department of the Interior, Bureau of Land Management 1977 Status Report, p. 15-23.
- Skougstad, M. W., and Horr, C. A., 1963, Occurrence and distribution of strontium in natural water: U.S. Geological Survey Water-Supply Paper 1496-D.

Stokes, W. L., ed., 1964, Geologic map of Utah: University of Utah.

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, Environmental Studies Board, 1972, Water quality criteria 1972--A report of the Committee on Water Quality Criteria: Washington, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, 1976, National interim primary drinking water regulations, EPA-570/9-76-003: Washington, U.S. Government Printing Office.
- U.S. Salinity Laboratory Staff, 1954, Diagnosis and improvement of saline and alkali soils: U.S. Department of Agriculture Handbook 60.
- Waddell, K. M., Contratto, P. K., Sumsion, C. T., and Butler, J. R., 1979, Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Wasatch Plateau-Book Cliffs coal-fields area, Utah: U.S. Geological Survey Open-File Report 79-988.

·		T	1						
Site No.	Site and location	Date of collection	Tem- pera- ture (*C)	Discharge (ft ³ /s)	Dissolvud silica (SiO ₂)	Dissolved calcium (Ca)	Dissolved magnesium (Mg)	Dissolved sodium (Na)	Dissolved potassium (K)
1	Sam Rafael River at mouth at (D-24-16)3aab	8-18-77 ¹ 4-20-78 6- 6-78 9-14-78	21.5 13.0 19.0	1,220 21 70 Dry	5.6 5.1 6.0	430 290 190	49 210 130	56 520 340 -	13 12 11
2	Meoushine Wash at mouth at (D-24-16)10abb	8-18-77 6- 6-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
3	Dugout Wash at mouth at (D-24-15)17ccc	8-18-77 6- 6-78	32.0	Dry .01	- •60	240	310	- 98	36
4	San Rafael River below Cottonwood Wash at (D-24-15)6bbc	8-18-77 ¹ 6- 5-78	24.0 22.0	550 85	8.3 4.0	540 190	74 53	35 340	18 11
5	Cottonwood Wash at mouth at (D-24-15)laba	8-18-77 6- 5-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
6	Iron Wash at mouth at (D·23-14)26ada	8-18-77 ¹ 6- 5-78	24.0	.50 Dry	9.2	67 -	13	14	12
7	San Rafael River above iron Wash at (D-23-14)26aab	8-18-77 ¹ 6- 5-78 9-13-78	23.0 22.0 25.5	500 85 4.0	6.2 4.1 5.4	540 160 240	71 110 200	37 300 510	14 9 .8 13
7.2	Unnamed tributary at mouth at (D-23-14)14c	8-18-77 ¹ 6- 5-78	22.0	25 Dry	20	6.2	4.5	150	4.5
8	Greasewood Draw at mouth at (D-23-14)4adc	8-18-77 ¹ 6- 5-78	25.0	10 Dry	9.6	21	6.0	41	23
9	fron Wash at Highway U-24 at (D-23-13)36abc	8-18-77 ¹ 6- 5-78	25.0	2.0 Dry	8.8	54	12	13	12
10	Old Woman Wash at (D-24-13)31acd	8-18-77 6- 5-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
11	Temple Wash at Highway U-24 at (D-24-12)lladb	8-18-77 6- 5-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
12	San Rafael River near Green River USGS gaging-station number 09328500	$\begin{array}{c} 1 - 19 - 77 \\ 3 - 11 - 77 \\ 3 - 22 - 77 \\ 5 - 4 - 77 \\ 5 - 16 - 77 \\ 6 - 29 - 77 \\ 7 - 21 - 77 \\ 8 - 18 - 77 \\ 8 - 18 - 77 \\ 8 - 24 - 77 \\ 9 - 28 - 77 \\ 10 - 21 - 77 \\ 10 - 21 - 77 \\ 11 - 9 - 77 \\ 11 - 9 - 77 \\ 11 - 9 - 77 \\ 11 - 9 - 77 \\ 12 - 8 - 77 \\ 12 - 18 - 77 \\ 12 - 18 - 78 \\ 3 - 24 - 78 \\ 3 - 24 - 78 \\ 3 - 24 - 78 \\ 3 - 26 - 78 \\ 5 - 5 - 78 \\ 7 - 6 - 78^2 \\ 8 - 9 - 78^3 \\ 9 - 13 - 78 \end{array}$.0 4.0 11.5 20.0 18.0 32.5 25.0 27.0 27.0 24.0 27.0 24.0 18.5 14.0 9.0 4.5 3.0 9.0 4.5 3.0 1.5 1.5 .0 10.0 8.5 11.5 20.5 25.0 32.0 32.0	19 32 22 3.8 13 .40 100 .30 440 11 .70 1.3 .61 5.2 5.2 11 11 17 27 72 22 26 88 256 88 256 10 10	11 6.9 6.0 8.2 5.7 3.8 11 7.1 6.8 11 9.2 9.4 9.0 6.9 7.2 6.6 9.0 6.9 7.2 8.3 6.4 4.4 6.2 3.8 11 9.2 9.4 9.0 8.2 9.2 9.4 9.0 8.2 9.2 9.4 9.0 8.2 9.2 9.4 9.0 8.2 9.0 8.2 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 8.3 8.7 8.3 8.7 9.0 8.3 8.7 8.3 7.5 8.1 7.5 8.3 7.5 8.3 7.5 8.1 7.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8.5 8	350 270 290 450 350 560 420 550 440 440 400 400 390 280 290 280 290 280 280 240 110 170 240	190 180 200 230 280 84 220 62 63 170 95 140 220 210 210 220 210 220 200 160 160 190 200 230 94 75 150 190	470 450 540 650 800 230 980 99 330 380 370 380 550 550 550 480 430 550 480 430 570 540 630 240 150 350 240	9.8 9.2 9,4 19 16 13 17 17 18 16 17 14 16 15 13 16 9.5 10 11 15 8.2 5.3 10 12
13	San Rafael River at Highway I-70 at (D-22-14)5dcb	8-18-77 ¹ 4-19-78 6- 6-78 9-13-78	23.0 19.0 25.0 16.5	450 20 120 13	6.7 5.1 4.3 4.2	560 280 150 230	64 200 91 170	80 450 230 440	14 11 8.1 12
14	Spotted Wolf Canyon at Highway I-70 at (D-22-14)5cac	8-18-77 6- 6-78	- -,	Dry Dry	-	-	-		-
15	Spring Canyon at mouth at (D-21-12)ld	8-18-77 6- 6-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
16	San Rafael River above Spring Canyon at (D-21-12)1c	6- 8-77 8- 2-77 6- 6-78	25.5 34.0 20.0	1.0 .10 110	3.5 9.4 6.4	370 440 120	340 66 74	1,100 130 190	17 15 6.3
17	Buckhorn Wash at mouth at (D-20-11)l4cab	8-17-77 4-19-78 6- 6-78	-	Dry Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-

			M:	illigrams pe	r liter, u	nless other	wise noted								
Bicarborate (HCO3)	Carbonate (CO ₃)	Dissolved sulfate (SO4)	Dissolved chloride (Cl)	Dissolved nitrate (NO3) + nitrite (NO2) as N	Ammonia (NH4,) as N	Dissolved phosphate (PO4)	Dissolved fluoride (F)	Dissolved solids (sum of constituents)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)	Calcium, magnessium	as CaCO3	Sodium-adsorption ra tio	Нq	Dissolved boron (B) (µ/L)	Dissolved oxygen
	L	i				<u>.</u>		L	L					l	Di
180 280 180 -	0 0 0	1,200 2,400 1,300	16 85 50	0.53 .15	-	0.00 - .00	0.20 .30 .40	1,860 3,660 2,120 -	2,180 4,300 2,900 -	1,300 1,600 1,000	1,100 1,400 860	0.70 5.7 4.7 -	7.1 8.1 7.7	160 310 270	- - -
-	:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Ę	-	-
290	0	1,700	63	-	-	-	1.2	2,590	- 2,950	1,900	1,600	- 1.0	7.6	290	-
160 330	0 0	1,500 1,100	9.3 48	-	-	-	.20 .40	2,260 1,910	2,640 2,750	1,700 690	1,500 420	.40 5.6	7.3 7.8	190 270	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
210	0	110	13	-	-	-	20	342	585	220	49	.40	7.5	150	-
130 260 280	0 0 0	1,500 1,100 2,200	11 38 93	•20 •06	- -	•00 - -	.20 .40 .30	2,240 1,850 3,400	2,545 2,400 4,200	1,600 850 1,400	1,500 640 1,200	.40 4.5 5.9	7.2 7.7 8.1	190 250 380	- -
340	7 -	72	6.5	-	-	-	1.1	440	630	34	- 0	11	9.3	220	-
140	0	_60 _	3.6	:	-	-	.30	234	341 -	77	0	2.0	8.7	160	-
170	0 -	100	12	-	-	-	.20	296	498 -	180	45	•40 -	7.9 -	140	-
-	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
600 347 380 460 450 170 240 250 310 250 310 430 350 500 420 370 370 370 260 230 250 230 250	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,100 1,900 2,200 3,200 4,300 1,900 3,600 2,100 2,000 2,000 2,000 2,500 2,400 2,500 2,400 1,800 2,200 2,400 2,200 2,400 2,200 2,400 2,200 2,400 2,200 2,400 2,200 2,400 2,500 2,400 2,500 2,400 2,500 2,400 2,500 2,100 2,400 2,500 2,100 2,400 2,500 2,400 2,500	73 62 73 200 130 65 110 23 42 140 88 130 120 92 130 78 59 82 85 59 82 85 92 28 23 62 86	.72 .43 .22 .24 .10 .01 .99	0.28 .21 .05 .05 .07 - .17 .07 .17 .09 .19 .24 .00 .05 .00		.40 .30 .40 .40 .40 .40 .20 .50 .30 .50 .30 .40 .40 .40 .50 .30 .40 .30 .30 .40 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .40 .30 .30 .30 .30 .30 .40 .40 .50 .30 .40 .40 .40 .40 .40 .40 .40 .40 .40 .4	3,500 3,050 3,510 4,630 5,060 6,530 2,950 5,470 2,430 3,110 3,240 3,240 3,240 3,970 3,970 3,970 3,970 3,970 3,970 3,970 3,970 3,970 3,950 3,530 3,400 1,620 1,620 1,120 2,360 3,240	3,820 3,690 4,130 4,340 5,510 7,230 3,250 5,870 2,720 3,460 3,930 3,460 4,430 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,400 4,240 3,880 4,200 4,200 1,540 2,950 4,100	1,700 1,400 1,500 2,100 2,200 2,400 1,700 2,000 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,600 1,500 1,600 1,800 1,800 1,800 1,400 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,400	1,200 1,100 1,200 1,800 2,100 1,600 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,500 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200 1,200	5.0 5.2 6.0 6.2 7.5 9.7 2.4 9.6 1.1 3.6 3.8 4.2 5.6 5.6 4.6 4.7 5.1 6.4 6.0 7.0 3.8 2.7 5.6	7.7 8.6 8.3 7.9 8.2 7.6 7.6 8.1 7.6 8.1 8.0 7.5 8.3 8.2 8.3 8.2 8.3 8.2 8.2 8.3 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2 8.2	340 250 290 470 430 520 260 400 260 400 230 350 360 350 360 350 360 260 280 280 280 290 330 410 210 170 340 380	11.8 11.4 9.4
170 310 260	0 0 0	1,600 2,100 920	27 79 27	•57 - -	- -	•00 - -	.20 .30 .30	2,440 3,280 1,560	2,745 3,940 2,000	1,700 1,500 750	1,500 1,300 540	.90 5.0 3.7	7.3 7.8 7.5	230 300 190	-
260	0 -	1,900	73	.00 -	-	-	.40	2,960	3,800	1,300	1,100	5.4	8.3	360	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
- 210	- 0	- 4,100	- 100	•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
120 240	0	1,500 730	18 18	-	-	-	•30 •30 •20	6,130 2,240 1,260	7,200 2,430 1,700	2,300 1,400 600	2,200 1,300 410	9.9 1.5 3.4	8.2 8.0 7.8	490 180 170	-
-	•	-	-	- -	-	- -	-	- -	-	- - -	• •	-	-	-	- - -

·

		<u> </u>					·		
Site No.	Site and location	Date of collection	Tem- pera- ture (°C)	Díscharge (ft ³ /s)	Dissolved silica (SiO ₂)	Dissolved calcium (Ca)	Dissolved magnesium (Mg)	Dissolved sodium (Na)	Dissolved potassium (K)
18	San Rafael River at San Rafael Bridge Camp- ground near Castledale	1-19-77 3- 1-77	0.0 3.0	19 18	11 8.0	300 290	190 200	450 560	7.3 9.0
	USUS gaging-station number 09328100	$\begin{array}{c} 4 - 7 - 77\\ 5 + 11 - 77\\ 6 - 8 - 77\\ 6 - 13 - 77\\ 8 - 2 - 77\\ 8 - 2 - 77\\ 8 - 17 - 77\\ 9 - 15 - 77\\ 1 - 16 - 77\\ 12 - 14 - 77\\ 1 - 12 - 78\\ 2 - 22 - 78\\ 3 - 30 - 78\\ 3 - 30 - 78\\ 4 - 19 - 78\\ 5 - 30 - 78\\ 6 - 6 - 78\\ 6 - 6 - 78\\ 6 - 26 - 78\\ 9 - 12 - 78\\ 9 - 13 - 78\\ \end{array}$	9.0 14.0 22.0 26.0 30.5 24.0 5.5 1.0 1.5 1.0 14.0 18.0 22.5 19.0 18.0 12.5	17 6.3 2.7 2.2 1.7 600 1.7 7.9 17 24 20 34 16 23 34 16 23 20 28	2.7 6.3 4.9 4.4 7.9 8.5 8.5 9.6 9.6 9.6 4.5 3.5 3.6 4.8 4.8 4.8	290 330 350 370 550 590 420 340 340 300 250 270 190 120 74 190 180	250 280 320 240 96 85 280 250 250 250 210 190 210 190 240 180 66 35 170 170	$\begin{array}{c} 730\\ 770\\ 1,100\\ 1,100\\ 620\\ 23\\ 320\\ 850\\ 690\\ 500\\ 550\\ 440\\ 620\\ 520\\ 520\\ 160\\ 56\\ 430\\ 450\end{array}$	10 12 15 16 29 22 14 12 12 8.8 9.3 8.9 11 12 5.5 2.5 9.8 9.2
19	Buckhorn Wash below Furniture Draw at (D-19-11)19abc	8-17-77 6- 6-78	20.0	.10 Dry	12	200	10	76 -	7.0
20	Unnamed tributary to Buckhorn Wash at (D-19-10)lOccd	8-17-77 6- 6-78	22.5	.05 Dry	11	14	2.2	41	3.1
21	Red Seep Wash below Red Seep at (D-19-9)1adc	6- 7-78	-	Dry	-	-	-	-	-
22	Buckhorn Wash below Buckhorn Reservoir at (D-18-10)20dad	6- 6-78	-	Dry	-	-	-	-	-
23	Buckhorn Wash above Buckhorn Reservoir at (D-18-10)16bbc	8-17-77 6- 6-78	-	Dry Dry	-		-	-	-
24	North Salt Wash below Horn Silver Gulch at (D-20-9)28cdb	8-17-77 4-17-78 6- 7-78	22.5 7.5 25.0	• 30 • 05 • 02	13 9.0 7.0	500 480 340	170 240 280	620 1,100 1,200	15 14 17
24.5	North Salt Wash at mouth	4-17-78		Dry	-	•	-	-	-
25	Fuller Bottom Draw at mouth at (D-20-9)laab	8-17-77 6- 7-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	:	-	-
26	San Rafael River above Fuller Bottom Draw at (D-20-9)labd	6- 7-77 8-17-77 6- 7-78	24.0 23.0 19.0	5.0 .05 110	6.4 10 3.6	350 440 110	320 290 59	1,000 860 130	12 12 4.9
27	San Rafael River at Harnbrick Bottom at (D-19-9)27bda	1-19-77 3- 1-77	.0 .5 16.0	20 36 17	-	-	-	-	-
	USGS gaging-station number 09328000	$\begin{array}{c} 4-7-77\\ 5-11-77\\ 6-13-77\\ 7-12-77\\ 8-1-77\\ 8-17-77\\ 10-5-77\\ 11-16-77\\ 11-16-77\\ 11-16-77\\ 12-14-77\\ 1-12-78\\ 4-26-78\\ 5-30-78\\ 6-26-78\\ 6-26-78\\ 6-26-78\\ 8-22-78\\ 8-22-78\\ 9-11-78\\ 9-12-78\end{array}$	19.5 26.5 29.0 25.0 24.0 14.0 7.0 .0 17.0 17.0 17.0 17.5 23.5 20.5 26.0 25.0 25.0	6.8 3.2 .03 1.5 .25 .70 .60 8.8 16 19 25 17 28 170 465 56 38 33 22	5,3 •8 5.5 2.7 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	370 460 370 420 	220 310 100 270 - 200 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	920 1,600 460 1,100 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- 16 22 11 14 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
28	San Rafael River below Ferron Creek at (D-19-9)2ldcd	6- 7-77 8- 3-77 8-17-77 4- 4-78 4-17-78 6- 7-78	25.0 25.5 25.0 14.5 13.0 19.0	6.0 .20 .15 25 16 150	5.8 5.1 .30 6.0 4.3 6.4	340 410 340 260 270 100	300 210 210 240 230 64	1,000 1,100 1,000 710 580 130	11 17 13 11 9.8 4.6
29	Ferron Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)2ldcd	6-7-77 8-3-77 8-17-77 4-4-78 4-17-78 6-7-78 9-12-78	24.0 	.10 Dry Dry 5.0 3.5 10 14	8.8 - 7.5 4.6 9.3 7.9	260 - 250 260 150 180	320 290 260 130 140	1,100 - 770 600 350 310	12 - 10 9.7 11 7.7

.

			Milligrams	per liter,	unless other	wise noted							
		<u>_</u>	2	<u> </u>	(P04)				Hardness	as CaCO3	0		(1/1)
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	Carbonate (CU ₃)	Dissolved sulfate (SO4)	Dissolved chloride (Cl)	Dissolved nitrate (NO ₃) + nitrite (NO ₂) as N	Dissolved phosphate (F	Dissolved fluoride (F)	Dissolved solids (sum of constituents)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 23°C)	Calcium, magnesium	Noncarbonate	Sodium-adsorption ratio	Нq	Dissolved boron (B) (1
276 383 300 310 240 240 240 240 140 140 140 330 370 260 280 290 240 240 240 240 240 250 240 240 240 240 240 240 240 24	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	2,100 2,300 3,000 3,000 3,400 1,700 1,800 3,200 2,800 2,800 2,800 2,000 2,500 1,900 630 220 1,800 1,800 1,800	47 74 61 81 88 98 76 6.0 49 75 72 53 59 69 70 58 17 15 54 48 6.3	0.93 .45 .29 .01 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	0.12 .06 .00 .03 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	0.30 20 30 30 30 50 40 50 30 40 30 40 30 40 20 20 50 40 20 20 50 40 20 40 20 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 4	3,250 3,630 4,390 5,890 5,020 2,520 2,520 2,770 4,320 4,320 3,440 3,630 3,900 3,850 3,010 1,130 526 2,790 2,790	4,000 4,100 5,000 5,400 7,200 6,900 5,320 2,680 3,600 5,520 5,300 4,000 4,000 4,000 3,830 4,600 3,830 1,500 822 3,500 3,650	1,500 1,500 2,000 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,400 1,900 1,400 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,900 1,600 1,900 1,200 570 330 1,200 1,200	1,300 1,200 1,500 1,700 2,000 2,000 2,200 1,800 1,300 1,700 1,600 1,200 1,600 1,200 1,400 980 370 130 950 940	5.0 6.2 7.6 7.5 10 5.6 5.0 3.7 8.3 6.9 5.6 6.0 5.1 6.6 6.5 2.9 1.3 5.5 5.8	7.8 8.2 8.5 8.3 8.1 7.9 7.7 7.6 8.0 7.7 7.5 7.9 8.2 7.9 8.2 8.1 8.0 8.4	260 280 350 410 450 220 220 220 220 220 390 380 220 390 390 310 390 140 90 370 330
140	0	30	3.0	-	-	.60	174	260	44	0	2.7	9.1	90
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	*	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
200 280 270	0 0 0	2,500 3,200 3,400	390 660 720	- - -	-	.50 .70 .80	4,310 5,840 6,100	4,980 6,870 8,000	1,900 2,200 2,000	1,800 2,000 1,800	6.1 10 12	7.8 7.7	890 1,000 1,100
-	-	-	-	•	-	-	•	-	•	-	•	•	-
- 260	- 0	- 3,800	- 88	-	-	- 20	- ·	-	-	-	-	-	-
210 240	0	3,800 3,700 540	200 17	.04	.03	.30 .30 .20	5,710 5,620 983	6,800 6,330 1,330	2,200 2,300 520	2,000 2,100 320	9.3 7.8 2.5	8.0 8.1 7.8	430 460 130
- - 200 160 150 240 - 290 - -		3,400 5,300 2,000 4,000 - - 2,300 - -	79 120 35 81 	.03	.03	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	5,110 7,890 3,060 6,010 - - - 3,570 - -	4,100 4,000 5,180 5,640 6,900 7,700 5,840 8,560 3,610 6,440 5,860 3,800 4,900 3,800 4,260 4,700 3,800 1,390	- - - 2,400 2,400 2,200 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	1,700 2,300 1,200 2,000 - - - - -	9,4 14 5,5 10 - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	850 2,800 2,880	-	-	-	-	-
290	4	1,800	48 -	.00	-	•40 -	2,810	3,600 3,470	1,100 -	890 -	5.8	8.4	330
250 200 190 330 300 240	0 0 0 0 0	3,600 3,700 3,500 2,600 2,400 530	71 86 76 63 59 16	-	-	.30 .40 .30 .30 .20	5,450 5,630 5,230 4,050 3,700 970	6,470 6,540 6,150 4,830 4,250 1,320	2,100 1,900 1,700 1,600 1,600 510	1,900 1,700 1,600 1,400 1,400 320	9.5 11 11 7.6 6.3 2.5	8.0 7.9 8.1 8.1 8.0 8.0	430 510 500 320 300 130
340	0	3,740	96 - -	-	-	•50 -	5,710	6,800 - -	2,000	1,700	8.8	8.1	470
340 310 350 320	0 0 0 5	2,900 2,600 1,200 1,300	99 91 44 82	- •02 •01	.06 .03	.40 .30 .40 .50	4,490 3,980 2,070 2,190	5,200 4,500 2,600 2,800	1,800 1,700 910 1,000	1,500 1,500 620 760	7.9 6.3 5.1 4.2	8.1 8.1 8.1 8.4	360 360 300 270

Site No.	Site and location	Date of collection	Tem- pera- ture (*C)	Discharge (ft ³ /s)	Dissolved silica (SiO ₂)	Dissolved calcium (Ca)	Dissolved magnesium (Mg)	Dissolved sodium (Na)	Dissolved potassium (K)
30	San Rafael River above Ferron Creek at (D-19-9)21dcd	6- 7-77 8- 3-77	25.0 25.5	6.0 .20	5.6 5.5	360 400	290 210	1,000	11 11 15
	USGS gaging-station number 09325100	8-17-77 4-17-78 6- 7-78	25.0 13.0 19.0	15 13 145	1.7 4.2 4.1	320 240 110	200 220 59	1,000 530 130	11 9.8 4.4
31	Huntington Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)21dab	6- 7-77 8- 3-77 8-17-77 4- 4-78 4-17-78 6- 7-78 9-12-78	25.0 25.0 - 14.5 13.0 18.5 12.5	4.0 .01 Dry 8.0 6.5 130 7.5	4.5 2.9 5.1 2.2 5.1 3.8	340 410 	300 180 	1,000 570 850 690 83 730	11 19 - 12 11 4.4
32	Cedar Hollow at mouth at Huntington Creek at (0-19-9)4aaa	8-16-77 6- 7-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
33	Huntington Creek at country road at (D-18-9)33acb	6- 8-77 8- 1-77 8-16-77 3-30-78 4-18-78 6- 7-78 9-11-78	20,5 26,5 - 17.0 15,0 13,5 19,0	4.0 1.0 Dry 4.0 6.5 130 7.5	5.2 6.6 - 1.3 3.8 4.4 5.5	360 380 310 260 100 220	330 300 310 260 52 250	1,100 1,100 - 1,000 700 110 740	11 18
34	Unnamed canal at (D-18-9)17bca	8-16-77 6- 9-78	21.5 12.0	1.4 2.5	3.6 1.9	40 46	25 11	15 3.1	1.2
35	Cottonwood Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)2ldbd	6-7-77 8-3-77 8-16-77 4-4-78 4-17-78 6-7-78 9-11-78 9-12-78	25.0 26.0 25.0 15.0 13.0 25.0	2.0 .10 .15 12 6.0 16 - .0	8.1 5.8 1.5 7.0 6.2 7.2 - 5.3	380 380 290 270 240 200 -	260 200 180 210 180 140 	1,100 1,100 930 600 430 390 -	12 14 10 9.6 7.8 8.8 - 8.9
36	Cottonwood Creek above Rock Canyon Creek at (D-19-9)17cda USGS gaging-station number 09325000	6- 8-77 8-19-77 4-18-78 6- 8-78	21.0 18.0 30.0	.20 Dry 4.5 10	10 7.3 8.6	260 310 200	280 - 260 180	590 460 320	9.6 10 9.4
17	Rock Canyon Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)17cdd	6- 8-77 8-19-77 4-18-78 6- 8-78 9-11-78	18.0 19.5 19.5 28.0 19.5	2.0 1.5 4.0 6.5 5.5	6.7 2.1 7.2 6.8 6.6	430 340 290 200 220	240 180 180 160 130	1,100 1,000 740 590 530	12 11 9.5 12 8.7
37.5	Rock Canyon Creek at (D-19-8)14	6- 8-78	27.5	.50	2.3	200	140	790	11
38	Cottonwood Creek at (D-19-9)7abd	8-19-77 6- 8-78 9-11-78	- 28.0 16.0	Dry 4.0 .50	- 4.5 7.0	- 190 240	200 250	- 430 580	- 9.1 8.4
39	Ferron Creek below Paradiše Ranch near Clawson USGS gaging-station number 09327550	$\begin{array}{c} 1-20-77\\ 3-2-77\\ 4-6-77\\ 5-12-77\\ 6-9-77\\ 6-14-77\\ 8-19-77\\ 9-14-77\\ 10-5-77\\ 11-17-77\\ 12-15-77\\ 1-11-78\\ 3-8-79\\ 4-18-78\\ 4-27-78\\ 5-31-78\\ 6-8-78\\ 9-12-78\\ 9-13-78\\ \end{array}$.0 6.0 11.0 24.0 24.0 21.5 18.0 9.5 13.5 20.0 9.5 17.5 20.0 17.5 18.0 14.0	6.3 4.4 2.8 1.4 .15 .55 .50 .24 2.5 10 4.7 13 3 2.8 11 10 20 14	11 9.9 5.2 9.7 7.9 11 11 5.4 5.7 10 11 9.5 6.4 5.0 12 14 7.8 7.3	220 240 320 360 310 350 340 250 230 330 230 230 230 240 160 170 190 200	140 170 280 480 320 150 250 380 250 200 170 280 240 230 130 120 130 140	240 390 720 1,400 1,000 940 850 910 580 410 330 770 470 470 470 270 270 280	5.3 6.6 9.6 9.1 10 10 13 9.1 8.0 6.5 12 9.5 8.6 8.7 8.3 7.4 7.3
39.5	Perron Creek at (D-20-8)4d near Castledale NSGS gaging-station number 09327500	6- 8-78	24.0	9.0	. 70	170	120	270	8.1
40	Unnamed drain at Paradise Ranch at (D-19-8)34dcd	8-16-77 6- 8-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
41	Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)13ddd near Ferron	8-16-77 6- 8-78 9-12-78	25.0 22.0 18.5	.30 6.0 5.0	10 11 9.3	310 190 230	250 140 120	580 250 230	7.1 7.7 6.0
2	Unnamed drain at (D-20-7)24aab	8-16-77 6- 8-78	23.0 22.5	.01 .15	.60 .0	350 150	380 140	2,100	17 9 . 9

24

			Milligrams	per liter,	unless other	rwise noted							
		(so4)	(c1)	(NO3) as N	(P04)	(F)			Hardness	as CaCO3	ratio		(T/E)
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	Carbonate (CO ₃)	Dissolved sulfate (S	Dissolved chloride (Dissolved nitrate (W + nitrite (NO2) as	Dissolved phosphate	Dissolved fluoride (Dissolved solids (sum of constituents)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)	Calcium, magnesium	Noncarbonate	Sodium-adsorption rai	Ha	Dissolved boron (5)
190 210 180 300 240	0 0 0 0 0	3,700 3,400 3,300 2,300 540	75 86 71 54 17		- - - -	0.30 .40 .40 .30 .20	5,540 5,220 4,990 3,510 983	6,580 6,560 5,745 4,300 1,290	2,100 1,900 1,600 1,500 520	1,900 1,700 1,500 1,300 320	9.5 10 11 5.9 2.5	8.0 7.9 8.1 8.0 8.0	430 530 460 280 120
220 130	0	3,700 2,800	71 56	at A	-	.20 .50	5,540 4,100	6,600 4,600	2,100 1,800	1,900 1,700	9.5 5.9	8.1 8.0	420 360
320 310 240 300	0 0 0 0	2,800 2,800 390 2,700	63 60 9.2 61	- - ,13 .05	- •03 •03	-30 -20 -20 -50	4,330 4,260 761 4,120	5,280 5,000 1,060 5,500	1,500 1,800 460 1,600	1,300 1,500 260 1,300	9.5 7.1 1.7 8.1	8.3 8.0 8.0 8.3	- 310 320 90 400
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	- '.	-	:
210 330 -	0 0 -	3,900 4,200	75 77	-	-	.20	5,890 6,250	6,900 6,770	2,300 2,200	2,100 1,900	10 10	8.0 7.9	440 530 -
350 330 240 350	0 0 0 0	3,500 2,900 450 2,900	80 62 12 68	- - -13	-	.20 .20 .20 .30	5,390 4,360 851 4,370	6,180 5,120 1,260 5,600	2,100 1,700 460 1,600	1,800 1,500 270 1,300	9.6 7.3 2.2 8.1	7.9 8.2 7.8 8.3	370 300 110 390
$\frac{210}{170}$	0 0	35 26	5.8 3.3	-	-	.10 .10	229 176	385 315	200 160	31 21	.50 .10	8.4 7.7	30 20
170 190 170 330 300 310 - 270	0 0 0 0 0 0 -	3,800 3,700 3,200 2,300 1,800 1,500 - 1,800	75 84 69 61 49 50 - 46	.02 .03 .00 .07	.00 .03 .03	.40 .40 .30 .20 .30	5,720 5,580 4,770 3,620 2,860 2,450 - 2,840	6,890 6,450 5,540 4,280 3,450 3,050 3,700 3,600	2,000 1,800 1,500 1,500 1,300 1,100 - 1,100	1,900 1,600 1,300 1,300 1,100 820 - 910	11 11 6.7 5.1 5.2 6.2	8.0 8.1 8.2 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.3 8.3	460 500 440 320 250 290 - 410
320 - 380	0 - 0	2,500 - 2,400	82 - 65	-	-	.20 .20	3,890 - 3,700	4,730 4,230	1,800	l,500 - 1,500	6.0 - 4.7	8.1 - 8.1	380 - 330
310 300 280 340 320 250	0 0 0 0 0	1,500 3,400 3,400 2,500 2,000 1,900	44 75 77 59 50 45	- 09 	- 03	.30 .50 .40 .50 .40	2,420 5,410 5,150 3,950 3,180 2,960	3,000 5,810 4,740 3,950 3,700	1,200 2,100 1,600 1,500 1,200 1,100	990 1,800 1,400 1,200 900 880	4.0 11 11 8.4 7.5 7.0	8.0 7.8 7.9 8.2 7.8 8.3	320 440 450 310 400 470
300	0	2,300	75	-	-	.40	3,670	4,700	1,100	830	10	7.8	340
260 430	0	1,800 2,400	48 64	.00	-	.30 .30	2,810 3,760	3,500 4,800	1,300 1,600	1,100 1,300	5.2 6.3	7.7 8.2	- 370 430
413 429 450 410 320 180 300 310 390 400 440 380 440 340 340 380 380 380 350 360 370	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1,200 1,700 3,100 2,800 5,300 3,800 3,400 3,400 3,400 3,400 2,400 1,800 1,500 2,900 2,100 1,100 1,200 1,200 1,300	38 58 70 77 220 130 73 80 99 62 51 52 96 81 73 37 45 39 42 38	1.1 1.1 .07 .03 .00 4.6	.06 .09 .03 .00 .15 .06 	.50 .40 .50 .50 .50 .60 .40 .40 .50 .50 .50 .50 .50 .50	2,060 2,790 4,740 4,360 7,940 5,760 5,130 5,700 3,760 2,920 2,500 4,590 3,340 3,340 3,340 1,910 1,940 2,020 2,160	2,600 3,200 5,270 5,340 9,080 6,000 6,030 5,500 6,000 4,320 3,400 3,050 5,000 3,960 2,630 2,630 2,630 2,830 2,400	1,100 1,300 2,000 1,800 2,900 2,100 1,700 1,900 1,900 1,400 1,400 1,500 1,500 930 920	790 950 1,600 1,400 2,600 1,800 1,700 2,200 1,400 1,100 950 1,400 1,500 1,400 1,500 1,400 1,300 620	3.1 4.7 7.2 7.4 11 9.5 10 8.5 8.1 4.7 4.7 4.0 7.7 5.1 5.4 3.8 4.2 3.7 3.7 3.9	7.9 8.2 7.9 8.0 7.7 8.3 7.8 8.3 7.8 8.3 7.8 8.3 8.3 8.3 8.4 8.3 8.4 8.1 8.3 8.4 8.1 8.3	200 250 470 590 390 390 320 320 320 320 310 340 340 240 270 300
•	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-	-	-	-
160 390 290	0 0 8	2,700 1,000 1,200	52 31 30	•02 - •00	.03	.60 .50 .70	3,990 1,820 1,980	4,550 2,400 2,420	1,800 1,100 1,100	1,700 730 820	5.9 3.4 3.1	8.2 7.7 8.4	- 600 290 240
380 360	0 0	6,300 2,100	100 44	-	-	• 30 • 50	9,440 3,370	10,400 4,400	2,400 950	2,100 660	19 11	8.1 8.0	1,200 400

25

	·								<u> </u>
Site No.	_ Site and location	Date of collection	Tem- pera- ture (°C)	Discharge (ft ³ /s)	Dissolved silica (SiO ₂)	Dissolved calcium (Ca)	Dissolved magnesium (Mg)	Dissolved sodium (Na)	Dissolved perassium (K)
43	Canal at (D-20-8)18adb near Molen	8-16-77 6- 8-78	22.5 16.0	16 7.5	11 2.4	110 88	76 48	77 40	4.4 2.6
44	Canal at (D-20-8)7ecc at Molen *8	6- 8-78	13.5	1.5	3.3	49	24	16	1.3
45	Canal at (D-20-7)llbbd near Ferron	6- 8-78	15.0	8.0	4.0	49	25	15	1.1
46	Huntington Creek at country road at (D-18-9)8dba	8-16-77 4-19-78 6- 9-78 9-12-78	24.0 15:0 12.5 10.0	4.0 13 170 7.0	5.9 6.3 4.1 4.1	390 320 72 270	220 260 27 220	690 640 39 590	11 12 2.3 11
47	ecElprang Wash at country road at (D-18-9)8baa	8-16-77 4-19-78 6- 9-78	20.0 17.5 18.0	1.0 1.0 12	8.1 9.5 11	410 420 190	220 270 90	640 710 240	14 15 7.5
48	Huntington Creck at (D-17-9)33bca	8-16-77 6- 9-78	23.0 10.5	•60 170	.50 3.8	320 59	330 19	800 20	11 1.8
49	North Ditch at (D-17-9)34cdd near Lawrence	8-16-77 6- 9-78	22.0 13.0	5.4 18	3.9 4.0	55 54	34 19	24 10	2.3 1.4
50	North Ditch helow Buffalo Hollow at (D-18-9)2acb	8-16-77 6- 9-78	22.5 14.5	4.5 8.0	4.3 4.0	55 55	34 19	25 10	2.3 1.4
51	North Ditch at (D-17-9)27dbc	8-16-77 6- 9-78	22.0 13.0	5.4 25	4.1 4.0	53 53	34 19	23 11	2.2 1.4
52	Roper Wash at (D-17-9)33ccc at Lawrence	8-16-77 6- 9-78	24.5	Dry .80	- 16	1.00	53	210	- 7.5
53	Cedar Creek at Highway U-155 at (D-17-9)16bcc	8-16-77 6- 9-78	17.0 13.5	.60 1.0	11 9.4	410 57	320 43	580 37	11 5.1
54	Canal at (D-19-8)28bca near Clawson	8-16-77 6- 8-78	21 . 5	Dry 2.5	4.4	52	25	- 15	î.1
55	Cleveland Canal at Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)9bcc	8-15-77 6- 5-78	20.0 7.5	25 100	3.7 3.8	40 52	26 14	14 7.7	1.2 2.1
56	North Ditch at Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)8dad	8-13-77 6- 5-78	30.0 8.5	.08 60	3.6 4.1	33 53	24 13	14 3.5	2.0 .90
57	Cedar Creek at Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)8dad	8-15-77 4-19-78 6- 5-78	28.5 15.5 13.0	.20 .25 .60	14 11 5.3	410 390 190	450 490 82	650 660 190	10 12 7.7
58	Canal from Huntington North Reservoir at Highway U-10	8-15-77 4-19-78 6- 5-78	25.0 . 11.0	6.5 Dry 15	4.2 5.4	57 - 64	33 33	23 - 23	2.3
59	North Ditch fram Huntington North Reservoir at (D-17-9)17bbb	8-15-77 4-19-78 6- 5-78	26.5 10.0 9.0	.60 6.0 45	3.3 5.3 4.1	33 68 50	24 34 12	13 19 3.4	1.1 2.0 .90
60	Huntington Creek at Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)18ccb	$\begin{array}{c} 8-15-77\\ 8-16-77\\ 9-15-77\\ 10-5-77\\ 11-16-77\\ 12-14-77\\ 2-23-78\\ 3-30-78\\ 4-19-78\\ 4-27-78\\ 6-1-78\\ 6-5-78\\ 6-5-78\\ 6-27-78\\ 8-22-78\\ 8-22-78\\ 9-11-78\\ 9-14-78\\ \end{array}$	30.0 21.0 19.0 17.0 6.0 .0 0.5 14.5 18.0 7.0 12.5 25.0 17.5 26.0 20.0 14.0	.15 .23 .30 .30 1.0 1.0 1.5 8.0 1.2 15 85 2.0 7.0 2.5 2.0 3.0	13 12 13 12 	300 260 350 350 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	160 130 170 180 - - 190 49 - - 190 - - 19 - - 120	180 190 220 220 	8.0 8.0 10 11 - - - 10 3.9 - - - - 8.0
61	Canal at (D-17-9)30bcb	8-16-77 6- 6-78	18.0 12.5	16 20	3.6 3.0	48 50	28 14	20 4.9	1.4 .90
62	McElprang Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-17-8)25add	8-16-77 6- 6-78	15.5 27.5	.10 3.0	9.3 15	430 140	300 70	1,100 140	15 7.5
63	Guymon Wash at Hfghwa∍ 1:+10 at (D 17-8)36dda	8-16-77 4-19-78 6- 6-78	19.0 12.0 27.0	.25 .40 .25	12 12 3.2	310 390 280	150 250 290	360 650 640	11 13 13
64	Canal at Highway U-10 at (D-18-8)feda	8-16-77 6- 6-78	20.0 13.5	3.0 17	3.4 4.1	40 53	24 13	13 5.0	1.1 1.0

	1	2		2	(PO ₄)				Hardness	as CaCO3	i o		(1 /.ª)
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	Carbonate (CO ₃)	Dissolved suifate (SO ₄)	Dissolved chloride (C1)	Dissolved nitrate (NO ₃) + nitrite (NO ₂) as N	Dissolved phosphate (P	Dissolved fluoride (F)	Dissolved solids (sum of constituents)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)	Calcium, magnesium	Nonc ar bonat e	Sodium-adsorption ratio	H d.	Dissolved boron (B) (;
140 260	0 0	580 240	31 22	-	-	0.40 .30	959 572	1,290 840	590 420	470 200	1.4 .90	8.0 7.7	1
230	0	54	5.7	-	-	.20	267	460	220	33	.50	7.6	
230	0	59	5.9	-	-	.20	273	460	230	37	.40	7.9	
250 140 210 130	0 0 0	3,100 2,700 160 2,500	59 47 5_1 44	.03 - - .45	•03 - -	•30 •20 •10 •20	4,600 4,150 413 3,800	5,100 4,470 655 4,430	1,900 1,900 290 1,600	1,700 1,600 120 1,300	6.9 6.4 1.0 6.5	8.0 7.8 7.8 7.9	4 3 3
10 20 40	0 0 0	2,800 3,200 990	39 52 19	-	-	.20 .30 .30	4,280 4,880 1,720	4,680 5,400 2,230	1,900 2,200 850	1,700 1,800 570	6.3 6.6 3.6	7.9 7.7 8.0	4 4 2
86 00	3 0	3,600 110	89 4.1	-	-	.20 .10	5,200 316	6,110 510	2,200 230	2,100 62	7.5 .60	8.7 7.8	4
.90	0 0	140 60	8.1 5.1	-	2	.10 .10	366 247	583 380	280 210	110 57	•60 • 30	8.2 8.0	
100 10	0 0	150 60	9.0 5.2	-	-	•20 •10	378 258	590 390	280 220	110 43	•70 •30	8.2 8.0	
900 900	0 0	130 61	8.4 5.3	-	-	.10	353 253	583 390	270 210	110 47	.60 .30	8.2 8.0	
40	0	- 690	12	-	-	.20	1,210	1,610	- 470	- 270	4.2	8.0	-
50 40	0 0	2,900 200	110 6.8	-	-	.30 .10	4,520 477	5,240 762	2,300 320	2,100 120	5.2 .90	7.9 7.8	4 1
30	0	- 54	5.4	-	-	.20	- 271	445	- 230	- 44	.40	8.0	•
30 .80	0 0	41 44	6.7 3.2	.28	•00	.10 .10	246 217	395 380	210 190	18 40	•40 •20	8.2 7.6	
.70 .90	2 0	43 22	6.3 3.2	.27	.00	.10 .10	212 195	340 290	180 190	38 30	.50 .10	8.7 7.6	
40 80 80	0 0 0	3,500 3,800 1,000	170 200 43	-	-	.30 .30 .30	5,370 5,750 1,610	5,890 6,400 2,060	2,900 3,000 810	2,600 2,700 660	5.3 5.3 2.9	7.8 8.1 7.7	5- 5- 1-
90 - 10	0 - 0	150 - 140	8.3 - 9.7	.03	-	- ¹⁰	372	564	280	120	•60	8.5	-
90	2	32	5.9	-	.00 -	.10 .10	381 208	597 365	300 180	120 22	•60 •40	8.0 8.6	
50 90	0 0	130 21	9.2 3.2	-	-	.10 .10	391 188	620 300	310 170	100 18	.50 .10	8.3 8.0	
20 10 10 10 10 -	0 0 0 -	1,400 1,300 1,700 1,700 - -	15 18 16 18	•04 - - - -	•03 - - -	•20 •20 •20 •20	2,230 2,020 2,630 2,640 -	2,580 2,420 3,100 2,980 2,800 2,900	1,400 1,200 1,600 1,600	1,100 1,000 1,300 1,400	2.1 2.4 2.4 2.4 - -	7.8 7.8 8.2 8.1	2: 2: 3: 3: -
- - 70 90 -	- 0 0	- 1,700 330	29 9.3			- 20 20	2,730 722	2,650 2,250 3,250 1,070 3,300	- 1,700 500	- 1,400 260	2.8 1.2	- 7.9 8.0 8.1	24
- - -	0	110	4.4	.11	.00	.10	325	600 490 2,050 2,000	- 250 -	- 86 -	- - - -	7.8	-
10	0	1,100	17	•00 •	-	.20	1,810	2,230 2,220 2,260	1,100	- 890 -	1.8	8.0	- 2
10 90	0 0	120 30	6.6 3.6	-	-	•10 •10	331 200	472 310	240 180	63 27	•60 •20	8.3 7.8	
50 90	0 0	3,900 610	63 20	-	-	•30 •40	6,090 1,150	7,100 1,520	2,300 640	1,900 400	10 2.4	7.5 7.7	5 2
50 20 60	0 0 0	1,800 2,900 2,900	36 56 80	-	-	•40 •30 •40	2,850 4,480 4,340	3,600 5,220 4,750	1,400 2,000 1,900	1,100 1,700 1,700	4.2 6.3 6.4	7.8 7.8 7.9	41 42 43
20 90	0 0	31 26	5.9 3.3	- 25	.00	.10 .10	227 200	376 328	200 190	18 30	.40 .20	8.3 8.0	-

27

,

Site No. :	Site and location	Date of collection	Tem- pera- ture (°C)	Discharge (ft ³ /s)	Dissolved silica (SiO ₂)	Dissolved calcium (Ca)	Dissolved magnesium (Mg)	Dissolved sodium (Na)	Dissolved potassium (K)
b5	Fivemile Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-18-8)12cca	8-16-77 6- 6-78	25.0 25.0	0.01	16 15	470 270	260 290	790 1,200	19
65.2	Fivemile Wash at (D-18-9)18cab	6- 9-78	16.0	.50	2.1	200	140	530	
65.5	Fivemile Wash at mouth at (D-18-9)20	6- 9-78	21.5	1.5	2.3	170	130	590	11
66	Wilberg Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-18-8)14dad	4-18-78 6- 6-78	9.5 19.5	.15	11 8.7	390 160	430 160	2,000	16 12
66.5	Wilberg Wash at mouth at (D-18-9)20	6- 9-78	17.0	1.2	3.8	240	250	910	12
67.2	Canal at (D-18-8)26ccb	6- 6-78	18.5	2.0	4.0	140	59	150	3.
68	Cottonwood Creek at (D-18-8)33bda at Castledale	$\begin{array}{c} 8-16-77\\ 9-15-77\\ 10-6-77\\ 11-17-77\\ 12-15-77\\ 1-11-78\\ 2-23-78\\ 3-30-78\\ 4-18-78\\ 4-27-78\\ 5-31-78\\ 6-6-78\\ 6-27-78\\ 6-27-78\\ 8-23-78\\ 9-12-78\\ 9-12-78\\ 9-13-78\\ \end{array}$	30.5 14.0 12.5 5.0 2.5 3.0 0.0 19.0 19.5 15.0 17.5 26.0 17.5 21.0 18.0 14.0 17.5	11 3.3 2.5 5.0 2.5 1.8 2.0 1.5 2.5 3.0 7.0 1.3 100 12 8.0 2.5 4.0	9.9 8.8 4.6 - - 7.5 10 - - 11 - - 11	83 150 230 - 270 260 - 270 260 - 270 280	74 68 110 - 130 - 50 200 - - 200 - - - 200	100 74 130 - - 160 - - 320 - - - 170	4. 6. - - 8. 7. - - 11 - - - 7.
69	Blue Cut Ditch at Highway U-10 at (D-19-8)4add	6-7-78	20.0	12	3.3	49	30	21	1.
70	South Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-19-8)9bcd	6- 7-78	24.0	.60	14	100	110	420	8.
71	Wolf Hollow at Highway U-10 at (D-19-8)17bac	6- 7-78	21.0	.80	8.3	140	65	100	7.
72	Canal at (D-19-8)18dbd	8-16-77	20.0	1.6	3.8	50	26	19	ι.
73	Rock Canyon Creek at Highway U-10 at (D-19-7)24adb	8-16-77 3-31-78 4-18-78 6- 8-78 9-12-78	26.0 13.0 18.0 12.0 16.0	.20 2.0 .15 .50 1.0	12 6.1 11 12 9.7	440 93 440 340 240	160 37 180 170 100	600 180 500 700 460	9. 3. 10 11 8.
74	Canal at (D-19-7)26daa at Clawson	6- 8-78	10.5	10	5.3	56	26	27	1.
75	Canal at (D-19-7)35bda at Clawson	6- 8-78	10.5	10	5.3	51	24	15	1.
77	Canal at Highway U-10 at (D-20-7)3cba	6- 8-78	11.0	40	5.3	53	24	15	1.
78	Canal at (D-20-7)15bbb at Ferron	6- 8-78	12.0	8	5.6	53	27	18	2.
79	Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)15bcc at Ferron	8-16-77 9-14-77 10-6-77 11-17-77 12-15-77 1-10-78 2-22-78 3-30-78 4-18-78 4-18-78 5-31-78 6-8-78 6-27-78 7-13-78 8-24-78 9-12-78 9-13-78	20.0 15.0 18.5 10.0 50 6.0 7.0 12.5 13.5 14.0 16.5 16.0 16.5 20.5 15.5 16.0 17.0	4.0 2.9 3.0 3.0 7.0 3.0 1.5 2.0 1.5 2.0 8.0 22 120 25 5.0 11 10	12 13 11 	150 160 160 - - 170 160 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	70 73 71 - - 85 86 - 33 - - 67	68 61 - - - 60 57 - - - - - 83 -	3. 3. 4. - - - 2. - 3.
80	Drain at Highway U-10 at (D-20-7)22bcc	6- 8-78	25.0	.20	7.5	270	180	590	11
81	Drain at Highway U-10 at (D-20-7)22ccc	8-15-77	23.5	.01	8.0	400	260	810	8.
84	Canal at Highway U-10 at (D-21-7)8adc	8-16-77	19.0	.70	3.0	52	25	22	1.
86	Cedar Creek at (D-17-9)5bbd	8-15-77 6- 5-78	28.5 14.5	.03 2.0	14 4.1	330 93	240 28	290 80	11 5.1
87	Huntington Creek at Highway U-31 at (D-17-8)14acb	8-15-77 6- 6-78	26.5 6.0	.15 110	16 3.1	180 46	71 13	55 3.4	4.

			Milligrams	per liter,	unless other	wise noted							
			2	2.5	(P04)				Hardnes	s as CaCO ₃	9		(n/r)
Bicarbonate (HCO3)	Carbonate (CO ₃)	Dissolved sulfate (SO4)	Dissolved chloride (C1)	Dissolved nitrate (NO3) + nitrite (NO2) as N	Dissolved phosphate (F	Dissolved fluoride (F)	Dissolved solids (sum of constituents)	Specific conductance (umho/cm at 25°C)	Calcium, magnesium	Noncarbonate	Sodium-adsorption ratio	Чd	Dissolved boron (B) (:
410 410	0	3,500 3,800	52 67			0.40	5,310 5,850	6,240 7,200	2,200	1,900 1,500	7.3 12	7.8	530 500
340	υ	1,800	30	-	-	.30	2,880	3,600	1,100	800	7.0	7.6	280
290	0	1,800	35	-	-	.30	2,880	3,700	960	720	8.3	8.2	310
510 370	0	5,000 1,500	290 92	-	-	.40 .40	8,390 2,670	8,910 3,690	2,700 1,100	2,300 750	17 7.4	7.5 7.7	280 160
350	0	3,000	63	-	-	.40	4,650	6,000	1,600	1,300	9.8	8.0	450
310	υ	580	20	-	-	.20	1,110	1,370	590	340	2.7	7.8	110
160 320 380	3 0 0 -	560 470 890 -	19 17 33	.04 - - -	•00 - -	.30 .20 .30	933 950 1,590 -	1,260 1,260 3,060 960	510 650 1,000 -	380 390 720	1.9 1.3 1.8	8.4 8.0 8.0	210 120 210
390	0	1,100	73	-	-	.30	1,940	2,400 2,400 2,190	1,200	890	2.0	7.9	- 180
270 320 -	0 0 - -	1,300 1,300	48 41 -	- - -		.20 .30 -	2,060 2,110	2,540 2,550 1,900 1,120	1,300 1,300 -	1,100 1,000	1.6	7.7 8.3 8.4	200 200 -
420	0 -	1,600	63	.10	.00 -	.30	2,680	3,190 600	1,500	1,200	3.6	7.7	280
390	- 0 -	1,100	30	.01		- •30	1,910	1,850 1,710 2,290 1,910	1,200	- 880 -	2.1	7.8	- 250
220	0	85	9.2	.02	.00	.10	308	450	250	65	.60	7.9	40
380	0	1,200	44	-	-	.40	2,080	2,550	700	390	6.9	7.8	440
290	0	510	16	-		.30	990	1,320	620	380	1.8	8.0	150
170	0	120	7.1	•	-	.20	311	489	230	92	.50	8.3	50
290 250 350 430 380	0 0 0 0	2,600 550 2,500 2,500 1,600	61 20 62 75 39	.11	-	.30 .30 .40 .40	4,030 1,010 3,880 4,020 2,650	4,540 1,420 4,570 4,590 3,250	1,800 380 1,800 1,600 1,000	1,500 180 1,600 1,200 700	6.2 4.0 5.1 7.7 6.3	7.8 8.0 8.0 7.5 8.0	460 120 390 440 260
240	0	64	5.6	-	-	.20	304	420	250	50	.70	8.1	30
240	0	50	5.3	-	-	.20	270	410	230	29	•40	8.1	30
240 240	0	48 67	5.4 6.5	- 25	- .03	•20 •20	270 299	400 517	230	34	.40	8.1	30
240 280 390 390	0 0 0	500 430 450	29 27 30	•25 •77 -	.03 - - -	.50 .50 .50	975 960 980	1,350 1,310 1,350 1,650	240 660 700 690	47 430 380 370	.50 1.2 1.0 1.0	8.1 7.6 8.3 7.9	30 100 100 110
- 360 380	0 0	- - 500 510	- 47 47	-	-	- - - 50	1,050 1,060	1,400 1,400 1,400 1,530 1,490 1,550	- - 770 750 -	- - 480 440	- - .90 .90	- - 7.8 7.6	- - 110 100
230	0	130	16 -	- -12 -	- •00 -	20 	- 392 -	640 580 495 900	310	120	- -60 -	8.2 8.2	- - -
340	-	- 460 -	- 34 -	- .69 -	-	- -40 -	- 977 -	1,430 1,330 1,300	- 650 -	370	1.4	8.4	- 70
350	0	2,300	61	-	-	.60	3,590	4,300	1,400	1,100	6.8	7.9	470
310	0 0	3,300 160	110 4.5	-	-	.60 .40	5,050 348	5,520 483	2,100 230	1,800 100	7.8	7.8	770 50
160 260	0	2,000	4.5 76	-	-	.40	348 3,090	3,480	1,800	1,600	.60 3.0	8.3 7.9	50 420
160	0	400	17	-	-	.20	707	1,000	350	220	1.9	7.9	170
310 190 310	0 0 0	570 18 200	10 3+1 9+7	-	-	.30 .10	1,060 181 540	1,410 290 827	740 170 410	490 13 150	.90 .10 .60	7.7 7.8 8.0	140 20 70
190	0	15	2.9	-	-	.10	183	290	180	23	.10	7.8	20

		T		·					
Site No.	Site and location	Date of collection	Tem- pera- ture (°C)	Discharge (ft ³ /s)	Dissolved silica (SiO2)	Dissolved calcium (Ca)	Dissolved magnesium (Mg)	Dissolved sodium (Na)	Dissolved potassium (K)
88.2	Huntington Canal at (D-17-8)26aca	8-16-77 6- 6-78	16.0 11.0	16 30	3.5 3.9	42 50	24 11	13 4.3	1.0 .80
88,4	Cottonwood Creek Canal at (D-17-8)26abc	8-16-77 6- 6-78	15.5	45 2.0	3.5 12	39 61	26 36	15 54	1.1 2.6
89	Cedar Creek at (D-16-8)10dca at Mohrland	8-16-77 6- 5-78	16.0 11.0	.40 2.5	9.5 5.2	80 69	65 38	9.6 6.8	4.6 1.5
90	North Ditch at diversion at (D-17-8)9bbb	8-16-77 6- 6-78	20.5	11 92	6.3 2.9	63 50	29 12	14 2.8	1.9
91	Huntington Creek below North Ditch diversion at (D-17-8)9dbb	8-15-77 6- 6-78	- 6.5	Dry 110	2.8	- 51	- 12	- 3.0	.70
92	Huntington Creek above Fish Creek near Huntington	6- 9-77 8-15-77	15.0 19.0	40 13	3.4 5.8	55 57	15 25	4.6 13	1.L 1.9
	USGS gaging-station number 09318000	3-31-78 4-19-78 6- 6-78 9-11-78	6.0 9.0 6.5 12.0	20 39 360 84	4.6 4.7 4.0 3.5	59 61 51 48	27 27 12 14	9.2 7.4 2.9 3.2	1.7 1.4 .90
93	Huntington Creek at Bear Creek Ranger Station	8-15-77 6- 6-78	17.0 6.0	25 360	4.3 3.0	43 50	18 12	4.1 2.1	1.7 .60
94	Huntington Creek above Left Fork at (D-15-7)20dcc	8-15-77 6- 6-78	15.0 5.5	17 45	3.1 4.3	49 49	15 13	2.9 2.5	1.3 .90
95	Left Fork Huntington Creek at mouth at (D-15-7)20cdd	8-15-77 6- 6-78	15.0 7.5	9.6 300	5.8 3.3	49 48	20 8.8	4.0 1.6	1.1
96	Cleveland Reservoir outflow at (D-14-6)27bdd	8-15-77 6- 6-78	19,5	1.8 Dry	22	50	5.8	2.8	1.2
97	Lake Canyon at Lake Guard Station	8-15-77	15.0	1.6	3.9	57	8.5	1.9	.60
98	Huntington Reservoir outflow at (D-14-6)21cbd	8-15-77 6- 6-78	15.0 4.5	•25 25	2.7 3.9	38 45	5.5 6.6	2.0 1.6	.80 .70
99	Huntington Creek below Cox Canyon at (D-14-6)14acb	8-15-77 6- 6-78	16.5 6.0	12 22	2.0 2.7	51 43	9.8 8.5	3.0 1.9	1.1 .90
100	Canal at Highway U-29 at (D-18-8)27abb	6- 7-78	11.0	2.5	4.3	45	26	15	1.2
101	Canal at Highway U-29 at (D-18-8)28ada	6- 7-78	9.5	18	4.5	43	26	15	1.1
102	Cottonwood Creek at Highway U-57 at Orangeville	8-25-77 4-19-78 6- 7-78	24.5 8.5 16.0	•20 •30 •60	11 8.3 6.3	200 250 160	80 120 64	86 140 60	6.1 6.1 4.4
103	Blue Cut Ditch at (D-18-8)29cba at Orangeville	8-25-77 6- 7-78	20.0 13.5	6.0 22	5.0 2.6	63 56	32 29	23 20	1.7 1.5
104	Cottonwood Creek below diversion at (D-18-7)24aad	8-25-77 6- 7-78 9-13-78	21.5 14.5 12.5	4.0 19 15	5.0 3.1 5.5	61 50 61	31 28 26	21 16 15	1.5 1.2 1.3
105.6	Canal at (D-18-8)30bdc at Orangeville	8-25-77 6- 7-78	20.0 11.5	3.0 16	3.6 3.0	39 46	24 25	13 13	1.2 1.0
106.1	Canal at (D-18-8)30cbc	8-25-77 6- 7-78	26.5 11.5	.30 9.0	3.1 3.9	31 41	23 25	12 13	1.1 1.0
107	Canal at (D-18-8)32cbb	8-25-77 6- 7-78	18.5 18.5	6.0 8.0	3.2 3.0	41 42	25 24	14 13	1.2 1.0
108	Canal at (D-18-7)13cbc	8-25-77 6- 7-78	20.0 14.5	4.0 37	4.0 4.0	40 42	26 24	14 14	1.2 1.1
109	Grimes Wash at mouth at Highway U-29	8-25-77 6- 7-78	-	.05 Dry	13	160	80	160	9.5
109,5	Canal at diversion at Swasey Ranch at (D-18-7)14cab	8-25-77	19.0	20	3.9	39	23	13	1.1
109.6	Cottonwood Greek below diversion at Swasey Ranch	8-25-77	19.0	6.0	4.0	40	24	13	1.1
110	Cottonwood Creek near Orangeville	3- 2-77 4- 6-77	0.0 14.5	3.6	4.9 3.8	64 52	39 32	27 21	1.9 1.6
	USGS gaging-station number 09324500	4- 6-77 5-12-77 6- 9-77 6-14-77 7-13-77 8-10-77 8-25-77 9-15-77 10- 6-77	14.5 13.0 15.5 16.0 11.5 11.0 18.5 9.0 9.0	95 68 66 73 71 49 62 . 34	2.9 3.8 3.5 3.6 3.8 4.0 4.4 4.3	42 45 44 42 44 39 40 43	26 25 26 24 26 22 25 25 27	15 13 16 12 13 13 14 13	1.2 1.1 1.1 1.0 1.0 1.2 1.2 1.2

			Milligrams	per liter,	unless othe	rwise noted							
		(7	(1		P04)	~			Hardness	as CaCO3	io		(1/n)
Bicarbonate (HCO ₃)	Carbonate (CO ₃)	Dissolved sulfate (SO4)	Dissolved chloride (Cl)	Dissolved nitrate (XD3) + nitrite (XD2) as N	Dissolved phosphate (PO4)	Dissolved fluoride (F)	Dissolved solids (sum of constituents)	Specific conductance (umaho/cm at 25°C)	Calcium, magnesium	Noncarbonate	Sodium-adsorption ratio	H,	Dissolved boron (B) ("/L)
220 190	0 0	30 15	5.8 3.0	-	-	0.10	228 182	396 300	200 170	23 14	0.40	8.3 7.9	30 20
170 230	0 0	79 180	6.9 16	-	-	• 10 • 20	254 475	387 710	200 300	65 110	.50 1.4	8.3 8.1	40 50
155 260	0 0	300 85	7.8 5.4	-	:	.20 .10	552 339	837 540	- 330	- 120	•20 •20	8.1 7.9	110 30
230 190	0 0	80 16	11 3.2	-	-	.10 .10	319 181	525 290	280 170	88 18	.40 .10	8.1 7.8	50 10
190	0	12	3.0	-	-	.10	178	290	180	21	.10	7.8	20
190 210 230 240 190 170	0 0 0 0 0 9	23 67 55 45 14 15	3.9 15 9.1 7.1 3.1 3.0	.15 - .24 .01	.00 - .00 .03	-10 -20 -10 -20 -10 -10	200 289 279 272 183 181	390 478 430 457 290 310	200 250 260 260 180 180	43 73 70 67 21 23	.10 .40 .30 .20 .10 .10	8.3 8.1 8.2 8.3 7.8 8.6	30 40 80 20 20
$\frac{200}{180}$	0 0	22 14	3.8 2.7	-	-	.10 .10	196 173	332 280	180 170	17 27	.10 .10	8.3 7.8	30 10
200 190	0 0	20 11	2.9 3.0	-	-	.10 .10	193 177	330 300	180 180	20 20	.10 .10	8.2 7.8	20 20
210 170	0	32 5.7	2.9 2.5	-	-	.10 .10	218 154	345 240	200 160	32 17	.10 .10	8.3 7.7	20 10
130	0	41	3.5	-	:	.10	191	326 -	150	42	.10	7.3	-40
200	0	6.6	2.1	-	-	.10	179	290	180	13	.10	8.0	20
140 160	0 0	8.9 7.5	2.9 2.9	-	-	.10 .LO	130 147	220 266	120 140	3 8	.10 .10	7.5 7.5	20 10
160 150	0 0	71 13	5.0 2.6	-	-	.10 .10	222 147	286 250	170 140	36 19	.10 .10	8.2 7.6	40 20
240	0	36	6.9	.09	.00	.10	253	390	220	23	.40	7.8	30
240 410 360	0 0 0	36 650 950	7.0 21 30	-	-	.10 .30 .20	251 1,260 1,680	390 1,670 2,090	210 830 1,100	18 490 820	.40 1.3 1.8	7.9 7.8 7.8	30 180 140
330 250 230	0 0 0	440 110 80	18 8.0 7.9	-	-	.20 .10 .10	916 366 311	1,270 585 480	660 290 260	390 84 71	1.0 .60 .50	7.5 8.1	90 50 40
250 230 240	0 0 0	120 50 73	7.6 7.2 6.9	- - •20	- - •03	.10 .10 .10	37 I 269 309	610 420 510	280 240 260	75 51 63	.50 .50 .40	8.0 8.1 7.7 8.3	40 50 30 40
200 220	0	44 34	5.8 20	-	-	.10 .10	229 251	400 405	200 220	32 37	.40 .40	8.4 7.7	30 30
210 230	4 0	28 24	5.8 6.0	-	-	.10 .10	230 227	372 370	170	0 17	.40	8.5 7.7	50 30
200 220	2 0	51 31	7.3 6.4	-	-	.10 .10	243 229	420 370	210 200	38 23	.40 .40	8.5 7.9	30 30
230 230	0 0	34 30	6.0 6.6	•	-	.10 .10	239 235	410 409	210 200	1 8 15	.40 .40	8.3 7.7	30 30
180	0	800	42	-	-	.40	1,350	1,850	730	580	2.6	8.1	180
220	0	31	7.6	-	-	.10	227	397	190	12	.40	8.4	30
220	0	34	6.0	-	-	.10	231	400	200	18	.40	8.4	30
316 250 210 220 230 230 230 200 240 230	0 0 0 0 0 0 3 0 0	99 75 43 34 46 27 25 32 35 38	15 9.5 6.1 5.6 6.8 5.7 5.8 6.0 6.2 6.6	.12 .04 .08 .06 	•03 •00 •03 - • • • • •	.10 .20 .20 .10 .20 .10 .20 .20 .10 .10	407 318 245 23j 252 229 232 219 244 244	660 505 370 380 415 370 390 380 370	320 260 210 220 220 200 220 190 200 220 220	61 57 31 43 36 15 28 19 6 30	.70 .60 .40 .50 .40 .40 .40 .40 .40	8.1 8.2 8.2 8.3 7.8 7.5 8.4 8.2 8.1	40 40 30 30 30 30 30 30 30 30

1					1				
Site No.	Site and location	Date of collection	Tem- pera- ture (°C)	Discharge (ft ³ /s)	Dissolved silica (SiO ₂)	Dissolved calcium (Ca)	Dissolved magnesium (Mg)	Disscived sodium (Na)	Dissolved pctassium (K)
±10	Cottonwood Creek near OrangevilleContinued	$\begin{array}{c} 11 - 17 - 77 \\ 12 - 15 - 77 \\ 1 - 11 - 78 \\ 2 - 23 - 78 \\ 3 - 31 - 78 \\ 3 - 31 - 78 \\ 4 - 19 - 78 \\ 4 - 27 - 78 \\ 5 - 31 - 78 \\ 8 - 23 - 78 \\ 8 - 23 - 78 \\ 9 - 12 - 78 \\ 9 - 13 - 78 \end{array}$	2.0 .0 .0 9.0 9.0 6.0 7.0 9.5 14.5 10.0 9.0	8.0 11 5.7 4.5 10 9.7 17 41 98 119 128 133	3.9 3.8 4.5 5.2 4.6 4.1 4.1 4.1 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.3 4.6	46 42 45 57 44 46 43 38 42 41 43 48 -	33 30 31 36 32 33 31 28 25 26 22 22 22 -	23 19 22 28 42 38 19 17 14 13 11 16	1.3 1.3 1.7 1.6 1.8 1.6 1.3 1.0 1.0 1.0 1.1 .50 1.1
111	Straight Canyon below Joes Valley Reservoir	8-25-77 6- 7-78	12.0 10.0	26 119	3.9 3.0	41 41	23 25	12 13	1.0
112	North Dragon Creek at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-18-6)8ccc	6- 7-78	22.0	.30	14	36	70	75	3,5
113	Swasey Creek at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-18-6)7aab	8-25-77 6- 7-78	25.0 11.0	•01 5•0	6.5 5.8	27 40	15 21	90 20	5.2 .50
114	Seely Creek at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-18-6)mbbb	8-25-77 6- 7-78	18.5 10.5	5.0 240	5.1 3.1	43 47	28 18	20 4.3	1.2 .50
115	Littles Creek at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-17-6)31bd	8-25-77 6- 7-78	22.5 11.5	.30 30	5.4 3.6	30 58	22 14	16 4.4	1.0 .50
116	Lowry Water at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-17-6)30aaa	8-25-77 6- 7-78	19.5 12.5	7.0 160	5.5 3.0	46 53	24 16	5.3 3.0	1.0 .70
117	Canal at diversion from Rock Canyon Creek at (U-19-7)22add	8-19-77 6- 8-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
118	Canal at diversion from Rock Canyon Creek at (D-19-7)22dab	8-19-77 6- 7-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
119	Rock Canyon Creek above diversions at (D-19-7)22acc	8-19-77 6- 7-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-		-	-
120	Canal at diversion from Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)7bba	8-19-77 6- 8-78	24.0 9.0	•30 96	4.0 5.2	66 49	34 25	50 14	2.6 1.1
121	Ferron Creek below diversions at (D-20-7)7bba	8-19-77 6- 8-78	- 9.0	Dry 37	- 5,2	- 49	24	- 14	1.1
122	Canal at diversion from Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)7bdc	8-19-77 6- 8-78	- 9.0	Dry 53	5.2	- 50	24	- 14	- 1.1
123	Dry Wash at mouth at (D-20 6)12aad	8-19-77 6- 8-78	-	Dry Dry	-	-	-	-	-
124	Ferron Creek below reservoir at (D-20-7)7bbb	6-9-77 8-19-77 4-18-78 6-8-78 9-12-78	12.0 20.0 9.0 16.0	35 50 Dry 186 80	4.6 4.8 4.1 4.9	58 67 - 50 52	28 35 - 24 29	24 47 - 14 14	1.3 2.6 - 1.0 1.2
	Ferron Creek (upper station) near Ferron USGS gaging-station number 09326500	$\begin{array}{c} 1-21-77\\ 2-10-77\\ 3-3-77\\ 4-5-77\\ 5-12-77\\ 6-9-77\\ 6-14-77\\ 7-12-77\\ 8-9-77\\ 9-14-77\\ 10-5-77\\ 11-17-77\\ 12-15-77\\ 11-17-77\\ 12-15-77\\ 1-11-78\\ 3-30-78\\ 4-18-78\\ 4-18-78\\ 4-18-78\\ 6-8-78\\ 6-27-78\\ 8-23-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-78\\ 8-25-7$	$\begin{array}{c} .0\\ .0\\ .0\\ .0\\ .0\\ .0\\ .0\\ .0\\ .0\\ .0\\$	7.2 7.4 3.2 5.8 44 51 14 8.1 15 7.6 6.3 9.2 5.8 19 21 41 298 315 320 107 29 21	4.6 	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	25 	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	.90
126 5	Stevens Creek at mouth at (D-19-6)29dca	8-19-77 6- 8-78	21.0	Dry 1.0	3.7	44	28	- 21	- 1.3
127 1	Ferron Creek above Stevens Creek at (D-19-6)29dac	8-19-77 6- 8-78	19.0 11.0	5.0 315	6.0 5.4	43 46	31 21	19 5.3	3.2 .80

¹Cloudburst runoff, ²Analysis includes 50 µg/L iron (Fe). ³Analysis includes 20 µg/L iron (Fe).

			Milligrams	per liter,	unless othe	rwise noted						•	
		(*)	â	(nu	P04)	~			Hardness	as CaCO3	i i		(n/L)
Bicarbonate (HCO_3)	Carbonate (CO ₃)	Dissolved sulfate (SO4)	Dissolved chloride (Cl)	Dissolved nitrate (NO3) + nitrite (NO2) as N	Dissolved phosphate (PO4)	Dissolved fluoride (F)	Dissolved solids (sum of constituents)	Specific conductance (vmho/cm at 25°C)	Calcium, magnesium	Noncarbonate	Sodium-adsorption ratio	H.	Dissolved boron (5) (
250 230 240 280 250 250 240 230 230 230 230 220 220 200 -	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	55 58 53 93 100 110 47 34 29 27 21 23	8.6 8.4 21 10 15 13 7.2 6.7 6.4 4.7 5.0	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		.10 .20 .30 .20 .20 .20 .20 .20 .10 .10 .10	294 276 297 369 363 372 277 243 236 228 216 226 -	440 480 550 599 560 449 400 400 370 360 360 380	250 230 240 250 240 210 210 210 200 210	46 40 43 61 37 46 38 22 19 29 18 35	0.60 .50 .60 .70 1.2 1.0 .50 .50 .40 .30 .50	7.5 7.4 8.1 7.5 8.3 7.8 8.2 7.8 8.2 7.8 7.9 7.9 7.8 7.7 8.5 8.4	40 30 50 50 70 30 40 50 30 30 30 20
230 230	0 0	24 23	5.6 6.1	-	-	.10 .10	224 226	340 370	200 210	8 17	.40 .40	8.3 7.6	30 20
410	0	140	28	-	-	.50	569	890	380	42	1.7	7.9	110
270 240	5 U	50 16	17 4.8	-	-	•40 •30	349 227	543 380	130 190	0 0	3.4 .60	8.5 7.7	100 40
210 220	0	63 12	4.1 2.6	-	-	•20 •10	268 196	458 320	220 190	50 11	.60 .10	8.2 7.6	30 20
220 220	0 0	11 6.0	5.3 2.6	-	-	.10 .10	199 198	350 321	170 200	0 22	.50 .10	8.4 7.7	30 20
240 220	0 0	13 5.6	3.8 2.8	-	-	.10 .10	217 193	385 320	210 200	17 18	.20 .10	8.2 7.8	20 20
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	-	-	-	:	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
220 230	0 0	210 43	22 4.8	-	:	.30 .20	497 256	730 400	300 230	120 37	1.2 .40	8.1 8.1	60 30
230	ō	44	4.9	-	-	- •20	- 256	- 400	- 220	33	- •40	8.1	- 30
- 230	-0	- 45	- 4.9	-	-	- •20	- 258	- 400	- 220	35	.40	8.1	- 30
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	:	1	-	-	-	-
230 230	0	97 210	11 19	-	-	• 20 • 30	338 499	581 760	260 310	71 120	.60 1.2	8.4 8.1	30 60
230 220	0	43 72	5.2 5.4	- - 04	-	.20 .20	255	- 400 450	220	- 35 55	.40	8.1 8.6	- 30 20
	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	700	-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	740 570	-	-	-	-	-
200	0	50	4.2	-	-	- 20	- 241 -	380 530 420	230	61	.20	8.4	30
-	-	-	-	:	-	-	-	500 515	•	-	-	-	-
230	0	78	9.2	•01 -	•00 -	.30 -	312 - -	500 540 560	250	60 -	.60 - -	8.2	
-	-	-	-	-	:	-	-	615 600	-	-	-	-	-
250 280	- 0 0	73 89	13 16	-	-	- .30 .30	- 331 377	700 585 594	- 210 280	- 8 52	1.3	- 8.3 8.1	- 50 50
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	450 400	-	-	-	-	-
210	0	29 - -	2.9	•28 - -	•00 - -	•20 - -	217	340 370 400	210	33 - -	-20	8.1	20
230	10	- 69	6.2	.08	.00	.20	- 304	480 470	260	57	.40	8,5	- 30
260	- 4	17	5.6	-	-	.30	- 253	420	230	- 5	- .60	8.4	- .30
230 200	0 0	72 28	7.7 2.3	-	-	•30 •20	296 208	478 340	240 200	46 37	.50 .20	8.2 8.1	40 20

Table 6.--Summary of selected hydrologic data

Name and location: See data-site numbering system. Dominant cations: Ca, calcium, Mg, magnesium; Na, sodium. Dominant anions: HCO3, bicarbonate; SO4, sulfate. Water-supply problems: Salinity and sodium hazards are from classification by U.S. Salinity Laboratory Staff (1954, p. 80).

Site No.	Name and location	Number of chemical analyses	Discharge range of observations	Dissolved- solids range	Specific- conductance range (umahos/cm	Domin- Low flow	ant cations High flow
			(ft ³ /s)	(mg/L)	at 25°C)		
1	San Rafael River at mouth at (D-24-16)3aab	3	21-1,220	1,860-3,660	2,180-4,300	Na	Ca
2	Moonshine Wash at mouth at (D-24-16)10abb	See remarks	-	-	-	-	-
3	Dugout Wash at mouth at (D-24-15)17ccc	1	.01	2,590	2,950	Mg,Ca	-
4	San Rafael River below Cottonwood Wash (D-24-15)6bbc	2	85-550	1,910-2,260	2,640-2,750	Na	Ca
5	Cottonwood Wash at mouth at (D-24-15)laba	See remarks	•	-	-	-	-
6	fron Wash at mouth at (D-23-14)26ada	1	.50	342	585	-	Ca
7	San Rafael River above Iron Wash at (D-23-14)26aab	3	4 - 500	1,850-3,400	2,400-4,200	Na	Ca
7.2	Unnamed tributary at mouth at (D-23-14)14c	1	25	440	630	-	Na
8	Greasewood Draw at mouth at $(D-23-14)4adc$	1	10	2 34	341	-	Na,Ca
9	Iron Wash at Highway U-24 at (D-23-13)36abc	1	2	296	498	-	Ca
10	Old Woman Wash at (D-24-13)3lacd	See remarks	-	-	-		-
11	Temple Wash at Highway U-24 at (D-24-12)lladb	do.	-	-	-	-	-
12	San Rafael River near Green River	See remarks	See remarks	487-6,530	689-7,230	Na	Ca,Na
13	San Rafael River at Highway I-70 at (D-22-14)5dcb	4	13-450	1,560-3,280	2,000-3,940	Na	Ca,Na
14	Spotted Wolf Canyon at Highway I-70 at (D-22-14)5cac	See remarks		-	-	-	-
15	Spring Canyon at mouth at (D-21-12)ld	do.	-	-		-	-
16	San Rafael River above Spring Canyon at (D-21-12)ic	3	.1-110	1,260-6,130	1,700-7,200	Na,Ca	Na,Ca
17	Buckhorn Wash at mouth at (D-20-11)14cab	See remarks	-	•	-	-	-
18	San Rafael River at San Rafael Bridge Campground	do.	.1-1,250	526-6,030	822-7,200	Na,Ca	Ca,Na
19	Buckhorn Wash below Furniture Draw at (D-19-11)19abc	1	.1	926	1,260	-	Ca
20	Unnamed tributary to Buckhorn Wash at (D-18-10)lOccd	ł	. 05	174	260	-	Na
21	Red Seep Wash below Red Seep at (D-19-9)ladc	See remarks	-	-	-	-	-
22	Buckhorn Wash below Buckhorn Reservoir at (D-18-10)20dad	do,			-	-	-
23	Buckhorn Wash above Buckhorn Reservoir at (D-18-10)16bbc	do.	-	•	-	-	-
24	North Salt Wash below Horn Silver Gulch at (D-20-9)28cdc	3	.02-0.3	4,310-6,100	4,980-8,000	Na	Na, Ca
24.5	North Salt Wash at mouth	See remarks	-	-	-	-	-
25	Fuller Bottom Draw at mouth at (D-20-9)laab	do,	-	-	-	-	-
26	San Rafael River above Fuller Bottom Draw at (D-20-9)labd	3	.05-110	983-5,710	1,330-6,800	Na,Ca	Ca,Na
27	San Rafael River at Hambrick Bottom at (D-19-9)27bda	6	.03-465	2,810-7,890	850-8,560	Na	Na
28	San Rafael River below Ferron Creek at (D-19-9)21dcd	6	.15-150	970-5,630	1,320-6,540	Na	Na,Ca
29	Ferron Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)2ldcd	5	.10-14	2,070-5,710	2,600-6,800	Na	Na,Ca
30	San Rafael River above Ferron Creek at (D-19-9)2ldca	5	. 15 - 145	983-5,540	1,290-6,580	Na	Na,Ca

Domin	ant anions	Significant	Signíficant	Wat	er-supply pro	blems	
Low	High	upstream diversions	upstream irrigation	Salinity	Sodium		Remarks
flow	flow			hazard	hazard	Hardness	
S04	S04	Ÿe s	Yes	High to very high	Low to medium	Very hard	Discharge of 1220 ft³/s was thunderstorm runoff.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
S04	-	No	No	Very high	Low	Very hard	Stream dry during visit in August 1977.
\$04	S04	Yes	Yes	do.	Low to medium	do.	Discharge of 550 ft^3/s was thunderstorm runoff.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
-	HCO3, SO4	No	No	Medium	Low	Very hard	Stream dry during visit in June 1978, Single analyses repre- sents thunderstorm runoff.
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	Very high	Low to medium	do.	Discharge of 500 ft³/s was thunderstorm runoff.
-	HCO3	No	No	Medium	Medium	Soft	Stream dry during visit in June 1978. Single analyses repre- sents thunderstorm runoff.
-	HC03	No	No	do.	Low	Moderately hard	Do.
-	HCO3, SO4	No	No	do.	do.	Hard	Do.
-		-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Do.
S()4	S04	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	Low to very high	Very hard	U.S. Geological Survey water-quality station November 1946 to September 1949, October 1950 to present (1978). Ranges of discharge, dissolved solids, and specific conductance are based on this long-term record.
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to medium	do.	Discharge of 450 ft ³ /s was thunderstorm runoff.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Do.
\$04	S04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to high	Very hard	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and April and June 1978.
\$04	S04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to very high	Very hard	U.S. Geological Survey water-quality station October 1975 to present (1978). 39 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Re- clamation during 1967-68 and 1976-77.
-	S04	No	No	High	Low	do.	Discharge of 0.1 ft³/s was thunderstorm runoff. Stream dry during visit in June 1978.
-	нсо3	-	-	Medium	do.	Soft	Discharge of 0.05 ft $^3/s$ was thunderstorm runoff. Stream dry during visit in June 1978.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visit in June 1978.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Do.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
S 04	\$04	No	No	Very high	Medium to very high	Very hard	Boron ranges from 1,000 to 1,100 u/L.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visit in April 1978.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to high	Very hard	-
\$04	S04	Yes	Yes	do.	Medium to very high	do.	21 measurements of specific conductance only.
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	do.	Low to very high	do.	-
S04	\$04	Yes	Yes	Very high	Medium to high	do.	Stream dry during two visits in August 1977.
\$04	S 04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to very high	do.	-

Site No.	Name and location	Number of chemical analyses	Discharge range of observations (ft ³ /s)	Dissolved- solids range (mg/L)	Specific- conductance range (umahos/cm at 25°C)	Dominan Low flow	t cations High flow
31	Huntington Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)21dab	6	0.01-130	761-5,540	1,060-6,600	Na,Ca	Ca,Na
2	Cedar Hollow at mouth at Huntington Creek at	See	-	-	•	-	-
3	(D-19-9)4aaa Nuntington Creek at country road at	remarks 6	1-130	851-6,250	1,260-6,900	Na	Ca,Na
÷	(D-18-9)33acb Unnamed canal at (D-18-9)17bcd	2	1.4-2.5	176~229	315-385	Ca	Ca
5		8	1 16	0 / 50 5 700		Ne	-
,	Cottonwood Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)21dbd Cottonwood Creek above Rock Canyon Creek at	125 (See	. 1 - 16 . 2 - 897	2,450-5,720 305-4,650	3,050-6,890 512-4,690	Na Na	Mg,Ca,Na
	(D-19-9)17cda Rock Canyon Creek at mouth at	remarks) 111 (See	1-31	1,960-6,700	2,400-6,900	Na	Na,Mg,Ca
.5	(D-19-9)17cdd Rock Canyon Creek at (D-19-8)14	remarks) 28 (See	. 5 - 20	1,610-8,240	2,020-8,500	Na	Na
	Cottonwood Creek at (D-19-9)7abd	remarks) 2	5-4 0	2 810-2 760	3 500-4 800	Ne	
	Cottonwood Creek at (D-19-9)7abd Ferron Creek below Paradise Ranch near	See	.5-4.0	2,810-3,760 574-9,630	3,500-4,800 817-9,030	Na	- Mg,Ca,Na
	Clawson	remarks			-27 7,430		
.5	Ferron Creek at (D-20-8)4d near Castledale	90 (See remarks)	1-390	473-6,030	722-5,860	Na,Mg,Ca	Mg, Na, Ca
	Unnamed drain at Paradise Ranch at (D-19-8)34dcd	See remarks	-	-	-	-	-
	Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)13ddd near Ferron	3	.3-6.0	1,840-3,990	2,400-4,550	Ne	-
	Unnamed drain at (D-20-7)24aab	2	.01-0.15	3,370-9,440	4,400-10,400	Na	-
	Canal at (D-20-8)18adb near Molen	2	7.5-16	572-959	840-1,290	-	Ca,Mg,Na
	Canal at (D-20-8)7ccc at Molen	1	1.5	267	460	Ca	-
	Canal at (D-20-7)llbba near Ferron	1	8	273	460	-	Са
	Huntington Creek at country road at (D-18-9)8dba	l4 (See remarks)	1-170	413-6,300	655-6,190	Na,Mg,Ca	Ca
	McElprang Wash at country road at (D-18-9)8bad	3	1-12	1,720-4,880	2,230-5,400	Na,Ca	Na,Ca
	Huntington Creek at (D-17-9)33bca	2	.6-170	316-5,200	510-6,110	Na,Mg,Ca	Са
	North Ditch at (D-17-9)34cdd near Lawrence	2	5.4-18	247-366	380-583	-	Ca
	North Ditch below Buffalo Hollow at (D-18-9)2acb	2	4.5-8.0	258-378	390-590	-	Ca
	North Ditch at (D-17-9)27dbc	2	5.4-25	253-353	39 0- 583	-	Ca
	Roper Wash at (D-17-9)33ccc at Lawrence	1	.8	1,210	1,670	Na,Ca	-
	Cedar Creek at Highway U-155 at (D-17-9)16bcc	2	.6-1.0	477-4,520	762-5,240	Mg,Na,Ca	Ca,Mg,Na
	Canal at (D-19-8)28bca near Clawson	1	2.5	271	445	-	Са
	Cleveland Canal at Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)9bcc	2	25-100	217-246	380-395	-	Ca
	North Ditch at Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)8dad	2	.08-60	195-212	290- 340	Ca,Mg	Ca
	Cedar Creek at Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)8dad	3	.2-0.6	1,610-5,750	2,060-6,400	Na,Mg,Ca	-
	Canal from Huntington North Reservoir at Highway U-10	2	6.5-15	372-381	564-597	-	Ca
	North Ditch from Huntington North Reservoir at (D-17-9)17bbb	3	.6-45	188-391	300-620	-	Ca
	Huntington Creek at Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)18ccb	8	.15-85	325-2,730	490-3,250	Ca	Ca
	Canal at (D-17-9)30bcb	2	16-20	200-331	310-472	-	Са
	McElprang Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-17-8)25add	2	.1-3.0	1,150-6,090	1,520-7,100	Na	Ca, Na
	Guymon Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-17-8)36dda	3	.25-0,40	2,850-4,480	3,600-5,200	Na,Ca,Mg	-
	Canal at Highway U-10 at (D-18-8)icda	2	3-17	200-227	328-376	Ca	Ca

Domir	nant anions	Significant	Significant	Wa	ter-supply pro	oblems	
Low £low	High tiow	upstream diversions	upstream irrigation	Salinity hazard	Sodium haz ar d	Hardness	Remarks
LIOW	110w			Hazaro	1142410	nardness	
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to high	Very hard	Stream dry during one of two visits in August 1977.
-	•	-	-	•	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
\$04	\$04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to very high	Very hard	Stream dry during one of two visits in August 1977.
нсоз	HCO3	-	-	Medium	Low	Hard to very hard	-
S04	-	Yes	Yes	Very high	High	Very hard	-
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	Low to high	do.	122 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation during 1958-62 and 1975-77. Stream dry during visit in August 1977.
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	Very high	Medium to high	do.	107 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation during 1975-77.
504	S04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Medium to very high	do.	27 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation during 1958-61.
S04	-	Yes	Yes	Very high	Medium	do.	Stream dry during visit in August 1977.
\$04	S04	Yes	Yes	do.	Medium to very high	do.	U.S. Geological Survey water quality station October 1975 to present (1978). 89 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation during 1975-77.
\$04	S04	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	Low to high	do.	89 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation 1960-65 and 1974-75.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
S04	-	Yes	Yes	Very high	Medium	Very hard	-
\$04	-	-	Yes	do.	High to very high	do.	-
-	HCO3, SO4	-	-	Medium to high	Low	do.	-
11CO3	-	-	-	Medium	do.	dø.	-
-	HC03	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
S04	HCO3, SO4	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	Low to high	do.	l0 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation during 1959-60.
S04	S04	No	Yes	High to very high	do.	do.	-
S04	нсоз	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	Low to high	do.	-
-	HCO3	-	-	Medium	Low	do.	-
-	нсо3	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
٠	HCO3	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
S04	-	No	Yes	High	do.	do.	Stream dry during visit in August 1977.
504	HC03, S04	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	Low to medium	do.	-
-	HCO3	-	-	Medium	Low	do.	Dry during visit in August 1977.
-	нсоз	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
HCO3	HCO3	-	-	do.	do.	dø.	-
S04	-	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to medium	do.	-
-	нсо3	-	-	Medium	Low	do.	Canal dry during visit in April 1978.
-	HCO3	-	-	do.	do.	Hard to very hard	-
S04	HC03, S04	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	Low to medium	Very hard	10 measurements of specific conductance only.
-	HCO3	-	-	Medium	Low	Hard to very hard	-
S04	S04	No	Yes	High to very high	Low to very high	Very hard	-
S04	-	No	Yes	Very high	Medium	do.	-
HC03	HC03	-	-	Medium	Low	do.	-

Site		Number of chemical	Discharge	Dissolved-	Specific conductance		t cations
NO.	Name and location	analyses	range of observations (ft ³ /s)	solids range (mg/L)	range (µmhos/cm at 25°C)	Low flow	High flow
65	Fivemile Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-18-8)12cca	2	0.01-0.25	5,310-5,850	6,240-7,200	Na	-
65.2	Fivemile Wash at (D-18-9)18cab	1	.5	2,880	3,600	Na	-
65.5	Fivemile Wash at mouth at (D-18-9)20	9 (See remarks)	.1-4.0	2,480-11,100	2,960-10,570	Na	-
66	Wilberg Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-18-8)14aad	2	. 15-0.7	2,670-8,390	3,690-8,910	Na	-
66.5	Wilberg Wash at mouth at (D-18-9)20	7 (See remarks)	.1-4.0	1,780~9,830	2,220-9,520	Na	-
67.2	Canal at (D-18-8)26ccb	. 1	2	1,110	1,370	Ca,Na	-
68	Cottonwood Creek at (D-18-8)33bda at Castledale	8	1.3-100	933-2,680	600-3,190	Ca,Na,Mg	Ca,Na,
69	Blue Cut Ditch at Highway U-10 at (D-19-8)4add	1	12	308	450	-	Ca,Mg
70	South Wash at Highway U-10 at (D-19-8)9bcd	1	.6	2,080	2,550	Na	-
71	Wolf Hollow at Highway U-10 at (D-19-8)17bac	1	.8	990	1,320	Ca,Na	-
72	Canal at (D-19-8)18dbd	1	1.6	311	489	Ca	Ca
73	Rock Canyon Creek at Highway U-10 at (D-19-7)24adb	5	.15-2.0	1,010-4,030	1,420-4,590	Na,Ca	Na,Ca
74	Canal at (D-19-7)26daa at Clawson	1	10	304	420	-	Ca
75	Canal at (D-19-7)35bda at Clawson	1	10	270	410	-	Ca
77	Canal at Highway U-10 at (D-20-7)3cba	1	40	270	400	-	Ca
78	Canal at (D-20-7)15bbb at Ferron	1	8	299	517	-	Ca
79	Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)15bcc at Ferron	7	1.5-120	392-1,060	495-2,400	Ca	Ca
80	Drain at Highway U-10 at (D-20-7)22bcc	1	. 2	3,590	4,300	Na	-
81	Drain at Highway U-10 at (D-20-7)22ccc	1	.01	5,050	5,520	Na,Ca	-
84	Canal at Highway U-10 at (D-21-7)8 adc	1	.7	348	483	Ca, Mg	-
86	Cedar Creek at (D-17-9)5bbd	2	.03-2.0	707-3,090	1,000-3,450	Ca,Na,Mg	Ca,Na
87	Huntington Creek at Highway U-31 at (D-17-8)14acb	2	. 15-110	181-1,060	290-1,410	Ca	Ca
88	North Ditch at Highway U-31 at (D-17-8)14bac	2	. 4-92	183-540	290-827	Ca	Ca
88.2	Huntington Canal at (D-17-8)26aba	2	16-30	182-228	300-396	-	Са
88.4	Cottonwood Creek Canal at (D-17-8)26abc	2	2-45	254-475	387-710	Ca, Na, Mg	Ca,Mg
89	Cedar Creek at (D-16-8)lOdcd at Mohrland	2	.4-2.5	339-552	540-837	Ca,Mg	Ca,Mg
90	North Ditch at diversion at (D-17-8)9bbb	2	11-92	181-319	290-525	Ca, Mg	Са
91	Huntington Creek below North Ditch diversion at (D-17-8)9dbb	l (See remarks)	110	178	290	-	Ca
92	Huntington Creek above Fish Creek near Huntington	18 (See remarks)	13-603	155-305	290-502	Ca	Ca
93	Huntington Creek at Bear Creek Ranger Station	12 (See remarks)	20-600	150-274	280-477	Ca	Ca
94	Huntington Creek above Left Fork at (D-15-7)20dcc	2	17-45	177-193	300-330	Ca	Ca
95	Left Fork Huntington Creek at mouth at (D-15-7) 20cdd	2	9.6-300	154-218	240-345	Ca	Ca
96	Cleveland Reservoir outflow at (D-14-6)27bdd	l (See remarks)	1.8	191	326	Ca	Ca
97	Lake Canyon at Lake Guard Station	1	1.6	179	290	Са	Ca
98	<pre>!luntington Reservoir outflow at (D-14-6)21cbd</pre>	2	. 25- 25	130-147	220-266	Ca	Ca
99	Huntington Creek below Cox Canyon at (D-14-6)14acb	2	1 2- 2 2'	147-222	250-286	Ca	Ca

Dominant	anions	Significant	Significant	Wate	r-supply prob	lems	
Low	High	upstream diversions	upstream irrigation	Salinity	Sodium	Hardness	Kemarks
t low	flow			hazard	hazard	Bardness	
\$04	-	No	Yes	Very high	High to very high	Very hard	-
S04	-	No	Yes	du.	Medium	do.	-
S04	-	No	Yes	do.	Medium to very high	do.	8 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation in 1960.
S04	-	No	Yes	do.	High to very high	do.	-
S04	-	No	Yes	High to very high	Medium to very high	do.	6 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation in 1960.
S04	-	-	-	High	Low	Very hard	
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	do.	do.	-
	HC03	-	-	Medium	do.	do.	-
S04	-	Yes	Yes	Very high	Medium	do.	-
\$04	-	Yes	Yes	High	Low	do.	-
HCO3	HC 03	-	-	Medium	do.	do.	-
S04	S04	Yes	Yes	High to very high	Low to high	do.	-
-	HCO3		-	Medium	Low	do.	-
-	HC 03	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
-	HC 03	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
-	HC 03	-		do.	do.	do.	
SO4,HCO3	SO4,HCO3	Yes	Yes	Medium to very high	do.	do.	10 measurements of specific conductance only.
S04	-	-	Yes	Very high	High	do.	
S04	-	-	Yes	do.	do.	do.	
SO4, HC 03	-	-	-	Medium	Low	do.	-
S04	S04	No	No	High to very high	do.	do.	
S04	нсоз	Yes	No	Medium to high	do.	Hard to very hard	-
HC03,S04	нс өз	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
-	HC 03		-	Medium	do.	do.	-
aco3, so4	HC O3	-	-	do.	do.	Very hard	-
S04	нс 03	No	No	Medium to high	do.	do.	
HC O 3	HC 03	-	-	Medium	do.	Hard to very hard	-
HC 03	-	Yes	No	do.	đo.	Hard	Stream was dry during visit in August 1977.
нсоз	HCO3	No	No	do.	do.	Hard to very hard	12 analyses were made by Utah Power and Light Co. during 1972-75.
HC 03	HC03	No	No	do.	do.	do.	10 analyses were made by Utah Power and Light Co. during 1972-75.
HC 03	HCO3	No	No	do.	do.	Hard	
HC 03	HCO3	No	No	Low to medium	do.	Hard to very hard	
HC 03	HCO3	No	No	Medium	do.	Hard	No reservoir outflow during visit in June 1978.
HC 03	нсоз	No	No	do.	do.	do.	-
HC03	HCO3	No	No	Low to medium	do.	Moderately hard to hard	
HC 03	нсоз	No	No	do.	do.	Hard	-
HC O3	HC03		-	Medium	do.	Very hard	-

.

0.14		Number of chemical	Discharge	Dissolved-	Specific conductance	Dominan	t cations
Site No.	Name and location	analyses	range of observations (ft ³ /s)	solids range (mg/L)	range (µ mhos/ cm at 25°C)	Low flow	High flow
101	Canal at Highway U-29 at (D-18-8)28ada	1	18	251	390	Ca,Mg	Ca,Mg
102	Cottonwood Creek at Highway U-57 at Orangeville	3	. 2-0.6	916-1,680	1,270-2,090	Ca	-
103	Blue Cut Ditch at (D-18-8)29cba at Orangeville	2	6-22	311-366	480-585	Ca	Ca
104	Cottonwood Creek below diversion at (D-18-7)24aad	3	4-19	269-371	420-610	Ca	Ca
105.6	Canal at (D-18-8)30bdc at Orangeville	2	3-16	229-251	400-405	Ca,Mg	Ca,Mg
106.1	Canal at (D-18-8)30cbc	2	. 3-9	213-227	370-372	Ca,Mg	Ca,Mg
107	Canal at (D-18-8)32cbb	2	6-8	229-243	370-420	Ca,Mg	Ca,Mg
108	Canal at (D-18-7)13cbc	2	4-37	235-239	409-410	Ca,Mg	Ca,Mg
109	Crimes Wash at mouth at Highway U-29	l (See remarks)	.05	1,350	1,850	Ca,Na,Mg	-
109.5	Canal at diversion at Swasey Ranch at (D-18-7)14cab	1	20	227	397	Ca,Mg	-
109,6	Cottonwood Creek below diversion at Swasey Ranch	1	6	231	400	Ca,Mg	-
110	Cottonwood Creek near Orangeville	40	3.6-200	208-1,170	360-1,700	Ca,Mg	Ca,Mg
111	Straight Canyon below Joes Valley Reservoir	2	26-119	224-226	340-370	Ca,Mg	Ca,Mg
112	North Dragon Creek at Joes Valley Reservoir	1	.3	569	890	Mg, Na, Ca	-
113	Swasey Creek at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-18-6)7aab	2	.01-5.0	227-349	380-543	Na,Ca	Ca,Mg
114	Seely Creek at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-18-6)6bbb	2	5~240	196-268	320-458	Ca	Ca
115	Littles Creek at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-17-6)3lbd	2	. 3-30	198-199	321-350	Ca,Mg	Ca
116	Lowry Water at Joes Valley Reservoir at (D-17-6)30aaa	2	7-160	193-217	320-385	Ca,Mg	Ca
117	Canal at diversion from Rock Canyon Creek at (D-19-7)22add	See remarks	-	-	-	-	-
118	Canal at diversion from Rock Canyon Creek at (D-19-7)22dab	do.	-	-	-	-	-
119	Rock Canyon Creek above diversion at (D-19-7)22acc	do.	-	-	-	-	-
120	Canal at diversion from Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)7bbd	2	. 3- 96	256-497	400-730	Ca,Na,Mg	Ca,Mg
121	Ferron Creek below diversions at (D-20-7)7bba	l (See remarks)	37	256	400	-	Ca,Mg
122	Canal at diversion from Ferron Creek at (D-20-7)7bdc	l (See remarks)	53	258	400	-	Ca,Mg
123	Dry Wash at mouth at (D-20-6)12aad	See remarks	-	-	-	-	-
124	Perron Creek below reservoir at (D-20-7)7bbb	4 (See remarks)	.5-186	255-499	400-760	Ca,Na,Mg	Ca,Mg
125	Ferron Creek (upper station) near Ferron	59 (See remarks)	-	186-422	340-693	Ca,Mg	Ca
126	Stevens Creek at mouth at (D-19-6)29dcd	l (See remarks)	1	253	420	Ca,Mg	-
127	Ferron Creek above Stevens Creek at (D-19-6)29dac	2	5-315	208-296	340-478	Ca,Mg	Ca

Dominant	anions	Significant	Significant	Wute	er-supply pro	blems	
Low Elow	High flow	upstream diversions	upstream irrigation	Salinity hazard	Sodium hazard	Hardness	Remarks
HCO3	003	-	-	Medium	Low	Very hard	-
SD4,HC03	-	Yes	Yes	High	do.	do.	-
нсо3	HC03	-	-	Medium	do.	do.	
HCO3	HC03	Yes	No	do.	do.	do.	
HCO3	HCO3	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
RC03	HCO3	-	-	do.	do.	Hard to very hard	-
8603	нсоз	-	-	do.	do.	Very hard	-
нсо3	нсоз	-	-	do.	do.	do.	-
\$04	-	No	No	High	do.	do.	Stream dry during visit in June 1978.
11CO3	-	-	-	Medium	do.	do.	
HCO3	-	Yes	No	do,	do.	do.	-
HCO3	HC03	No	No	Medium to high	do.	do.	U.S. Geological Survey water-quality station October 1975 to present (1972).
HC03	HC03	No	No	do.	do.	do.	-
HCO3	-	No	No	High	do.	do.	-
HC0 3	HC03	No	No	Medium	do.	Hard to very hard	
HC03	HCO3	No	No	do.	do.	Very hard	-
HC03	HC03	No	No	do.	do.	Hard to very hard	-
HC03	HC03	No	No	do.	dø.	Very hard	-
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Canal dry during visits in August 1977 and June 1978.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Do.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Do.
\$04,HC03	HC03	-	-	Medium	Low	Very hard	
-	нсоз	Yes	Yes	do.	do.	do.	Stream dry during visit in August 1977.
-	нсоз	-	-	do.	do.	do.	Canal dry during visit in August 1977.
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Stream dry during visit in August 1977 and June 1978.
HC03,504	HC03	Yes	No	Medium to high	Low	Very hard	Stream dry during visit in April 1978.
HCO3	HC03	No	No	Medium	do.	do.	53 analyses were made by U.S. Bureau of Reclamation during 1962-64. 18 measurements of specific conductance only.
HC03	-	No	No	do.	do.	do.	Stream dry during visit in August 1977.
нсоз	нсо3	No	No	do.	do.	do.	-

				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1						
Site No.	Name	Semiquantative method	Date of collection	Discharge (ft ³ /s)	Dissolved aluminum (Al)	Dissolved antimony (Sb)	Dissolved arsenic (As)	Dissolved barium (Ba)	Dissolved beryllium (Be)	Dissolved bismuth (Bi)	Dissolved boron (B)
1	San Rafael River at mouth at (D-24-16)3aab	X	6- 6-78 9-14-78	70 Dry	1,000	50 -	- -	30	<1	<1,000	100
12	San Rafael River near Green River 09328500	-	9-13-78	10	20	-	1	0	-	-	380
27	San Rafael River at Hambrick Bottom at (D-19-9)27bda	x	6- 7-78	170	300	<30	-	50	<1	<1,000	70
29	Ferron Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)2ldcd	x	6- 7-78 9-12-78	10 20	700 20	30 -	2	50 1.00	<1	<1,000 -	100 270
31	Huntington Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)21dab	x	6- 7-78 9-12-78	130 7.5	300 20	<30 -	-	50 0	<1 -	<1,000 / -	50 400
35	Cottonwood Creek at mouth at (D-19-9)21dbd	x	6- 7-78 9-12-78	116 6.0	500 20	30 -	-	30 100	<1	<1,000	300 410
55	Cleveland Canal at State Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)9bcc	x	6- 5-78	100	100	<30	-	30	<1	<1,000	7
56	North Ditch at State Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)8daa	X	6- 5-78	60	70	30	-	50	<1	<1,000	7
58	Canal from Huntington North Reservoir at State Highway U-10	x	6- 5-78	15	100	<30	-	70	<1	<1,000	30
60	Huntington Creek at State Highway U-10 at (D-17-9)18ccb	x	6- 5-78	85	100	<30	-	50	<1	<1,000	10
64	Canal at State Highway U-10 at (D-18-8)lcda	х	6- 6-78	17	1.00	< 30	-	50	<1	<1,000	10
68	Cottonwood Creek at Castledale at (D-18-8)33bda	x	6- 6-78 9-12-78	1.3 2.5	1,000 10	50 -	1	50 100	<1 -	<1,000	100 250
69	Blue Cut Ditch at State Highway U-10 at (D-19-8)4add	x	6- 7-78	12	100	<30	-	70	<1	<1,000	30
73	Rock Canyon Creek at State Highway U-10 at (D-19-7)24adb	X	6- 8-78 9-12-78	0.5 1.0	700 10	70 -	1	30 100	<1	<1,000	500 260
78	Canal at (D-20-7)15bbb at Ferron	х	6- 8-78	8.0	100	30	-	100	<1	<1,000	10
79	Ferron Creek at Ferron at (D-20-7)15bcc	x	6- 8-78	22	100	<30	-	100	<1	<1,000	10
92	Huntington Creek above Fish Creek, near Huntington 09318000	x	6- 6-78 9-11-78	360 84	100 10	<30	- 1	50 -	<1	<1,000	7 20
100	Canal at State Highway U-29 at (D-18-8)27abb	x	6- 7-78	2.5	100	30	-	100	<1	<1,000	10
104	Cottonwood Creek below diversion, at (D-18-7)24aad	-	9-13-78	15	20	-	2	100	-	-	40
110	Cottonwood Creek near Orangeville 09324500	x	6- 7-78	119	100	30	-	100	<1	<1,000	10
119	Rock Canyon Creek above diversions, at (D-19-7)22acc	x	6- 7-78	Dry	-	-	-	~	-	-	-
125	Ferron Creek (upper station) near Ferron 09326500	x	6- 8-78 9-13-78	315 21	100 20	<30	2	100 300	<1 -	<1,000	10 30

water samples collected at selected sites.

					Micro	or and	per li	tor			- 000									
	<u>ି</u>				(Ge Ce	51 2005	per il	[(uW)		(M)				(Sr)	[<u></u>		(Zr)	
(cd)	n (Cr)	(co)	(cu)	(Ga)				(I.i.)		(Hg)		(Ní)	n (Se)	(Ag)			n (Ti)	(V) "		(e
cadium (Cd)	chromium			gallium	germanium	n (Fe)	1 (Pb)	lithium	manganese	mercury	molybdenum		selenium		strontium	(NS)	titanium	vanadium	zirconium	(uz) ;
	chre	cobalt	copper	gal]	geri	iron	lead	lítľ	mang	mero	moly	níckel	sele	silver	stro	tin	tite	vana	ziro	zinc
lved	lved	Lved	ved	ved	ved	ved	ved	.ved	solved	ved	ved	ved	ved	ved	ved	ved	.ved	ved	ved	ved
Dissclved	Dissolved	Dissolved	Dissolved	Dissolved	ssolv	Dissolved	Dissolved	Dissolved	i o	ssolved	Dissolved	Dissolved	Dissolved	Dissolved	ssolved	Dissolved	Dissolved	Díssolved	Dissolved	Dissolved
ă —	īd	íQ	Ū	j	Di	id	Di	Di	Di	ΰ	Di	Di	D.	Dź	Di	ſ	iq	Dí	Di	Di
<1 -	<50 -	<5 -	<10	<30 -	700 -	300	<30	100	10 -	-	<10	<50 -	-	<10	3,000	500 -	10	<10 -	<5 -	10
-	-	0	-	-	-	-	69	350	-	0.0	3	-	0	-	3,100	-	-	-	-	20
<1	<50	<5	<10	<30	300	10	<30	70	10	-	<10	<50	-	<10	1,000	300	<5	<10	<5	5
<1	< 50	<5 0	<10	<30	700	30	<30 20	100 240	7	- 0.0	10 2	<50	- 2	<10	3,000 2,600	500	<5	<10	<5	10 10
< 1	<50	<5	<10	<30	300	10	<30	70	10	-	<10	<50	-	<10	700	100	<5	<10	<5	< 5
-	-	0	-	-	-	-	64	470	-	0.0	5	-	0	-	2,800	-	-	-	-	20
<1 -	<50 -	<5 0	<10	<30 -	700 -	10 -	<30 24	100 290	10 -	0.0	<10 5	<50 -	0	<10 -	3,000 2,500	700 -	<5 -	<10 -	<5 -	10 20
3	<50	<5	<10	<30	70	100	30	7	7	-	<10	<50	-	<10	100	<50	<5	<10	<5	10
l	<50	<5	<10	<30	70	10	<30	7	5	-	<10	<50	-	<10	100	<50	<5	<10	<5	10
5	<50	<5	<10	<30	300	<5	<30	10	5	-	<10	<50	-	<10	300	100	<5	<10	<5	10
<1	<50	<5	<10	<30	100	10	<30	10	30	-	<10	<50	-	<10	300	100	<5	<10	<5	10
<1	<50	<5	<10	<30	100	30	<30	10	5	-	<10	<50	-	<10	100	50	<5	<10	< 5	7
<1	<50 -	<5 0	<10	<30	1,000 -	50 -	<30 2	100 180	30 -	- 0.0	10 1	<50	-0	<10	3,000 2,300	700	<5	<10	<5	30 20
<1	<50	<5	<10	<30	100	10	<30	. 10	L	-	<10	<50	-	<10	300	100	<5	<10	<5	7
1 -	<50 -	7 0	<10	70 -	700	30 -	30 2	300 210	300	- 0.0	10 2	<50 -	-0	<10	3,000 2,300	700	5	10	<5	30 10
<1	<50	<5	<10	<30	100	10	<30	10	1	-	<10	<50	-	$< \! 10$	500	100	<5	<10	<5	<5
<1	<50	<5	<10	<30	100	10	<30	30	3	-	<10	<50	-	<10	700	100	<5	<10	< 5	<5
<1 -	<50	<5 0	<10	<30 -	_50 _	30 -	<30 3	<5 7	10 -	0.0	<10	<50 -	-0	<10	100 140	<50 -	<5	<10	<5	7 10
< l	<50	<5	<10	<30	100	10	<30	10	3	-	<10	<50	-	<10	300	100	<5	<10	< 5	5
-	-	0	-	-	-	-	12	20	-	0.0	1	-	0	-	380	-	-	-	-	10
<1	<50	<5	<10	<30	100	<5	<30	10	1	-	<10	<50	-	<10	300	100	<5	<10	<5	5
-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
<1 -	<50	<5 0	<10	<30	100	10 -	<30 21	10 30	3	0.0	<10 2	<50 -	- 0	<10	500 820	100	<5	<10	<5	<5 10

PUBLICATIONS OF THE UTAH DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES AND ENERGY, DIVISION OF WATER RIGHTS

(*)-Out of Print

TECHNICAL PUBLICATIONS

- *No. 1. Underground leakage from artesian wells in the Flowell area, near Fillmore, Utah, by Penn Livingston and G. B. Maxey, U.S. Geological Survey, 1944.
- No. 2. The Ogden Valley artesian reservoir, Weber County, Utah, by H. E. Thomas, U.S. Geological Survey, 1945.
- *No. 3. Ground water in Pavant Valley, Millard County, Utah, by P. E. Dennis, G. B. Maxey and H. E. Thomas, U.S. Geological Survey, 1946.
- *No. 4. Ground water in Tooele Valley, Tooele County, Utah, by H. E. Thomas, U.S. Geological Survey, in Utah State Engineer 25th Biennial Report, p. 91-238, pls. 1-6, 1946.
- *No. 5. Ground water in the East Shore area, Utah: Part I, Bountiful District, Davis County, Utah, by H. E. Thomas and W. B. Nelson, U.S. Geological Survey, in Utah State Engineer 26th Biennial Report, p. 53-206, pls. 1-2, 1948.
- *No. 6. Ground water in the Escalante Valley, Beaver, Iron, and Washington Counties, Utah, by P. F. Fix, W. B. Nelson, B. E. Lofgren, and R. G. Butler, U.S. Geological Survey, in Utah State Engineer 27th Biennial Report, p. 107-210, pls. 1-10, 1950.
- No. 7. Status of development of selected ground-water basins in Utah, by H. E. Thomas, W. B. Nelson, B. E. Lofgren, and R. G. Butler, U.S. Geological Survey, 1952.
- *No. 8. Consumptive use of water and irrigation requirements of crops in Utah, by C. O. Roskelly and W. D. Criddle, Utah State Engineer's Office, 1952.
- No. 8. (Revised) Consumptive use and water requirements for Utah, by W. D. Criddle, Karl Harris, and L. S. Willardson, Utah State Engineer's Office, 1962.
- No. 9. Progress report on selected ground water basins in Utah, by H. A. Waite, W. B. Nelson, and others, U.S. Geological Survey, 1954.
- *No. 10. A compilation of chemical quality data for ground and surface waters in Utah, by J. G. Connor, C. G. Mitchell, and others, U.S. Geological Survey, 1958.

44

- *No. 11. Ground water in northern Utah Valley, Utah: A progress report for the period 1948-63, by R. M. Cordova and Seymour Subitzky, U.S. Geological Survey, 1965.
- *No. 12. Reevaluation of the ground-water resources of Tooele Valley, Utah, by J. S. Gates, U.S. Geological Survey, 1965.
- *No. 13. Ground-water resources of selected basins in southwestern Utah, by G. W. Sandberg, U.S. Geological Survey, 1966.
- *No. 14. Water-resources appraisal of the Snake Valley area, Utah and Nevada, by J. W. Hood and F. E. Rush, U.S. Geological Survey, 1966.
- *No. 15. Water from bedrock in the Colorado Plateau of Utah, by R. D. Feltis, U.S. Geological Survey, 1966.
- *No. 16. Ground-water conditions in Cedar Valley, Utah County, Utah, by R. D. Feltis, U.S. Geological Survey, 1967.
- *No. 17. Ground-water resources of northern Juab Valley, Utah, by L. J. Bjorklund, U.S. Geological Survey, 1968.
- No. 18. Hydrologic reconnaissance of Skull Valley, Tooele County, Utah, by J. W. Hood and K. M. Waddell, U.S. Geological Survey, 1968.
- No. 19. An appraisal of the quality of surface water in the Sevier Lake basin, Utah, by D. C. Hahl and J. C. Mundorff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1968.
- No. 20. Extensions of streamflow records in Utah, by J. K. Reid, L. E. Carroon, and G. E. Pyper, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.
- No. 21. Summary of maximum discharges in Utah streams, by G. L. Whitaker, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.
- No. 22. Reconnaissance of the ground-water resources of the upper Fremont River valley, Wayne County, Utah, by L. J. Bjorklund, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.
- No. 23. Hydrologic reconnaissance of Rush Valley, Tooele County, Utah, by J. W. Hood, Don Price, and K. M. Waddell, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.
- No. 24. Hydrologic reconnaissance of Deep Creek valley, Tooele and Juab Counties, Utah, and Elko and White Pine Counties, Nevada, by J. W. Hood and K. M. Waddell, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.
- No. 25. Hydrologic reconnaissance of Curlew Valley, Utah and Idaho, by E. L. Bolke and Don Price, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.

- No. 26. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Sink Valley area, Tooele and Box Elder Counties, Utah, by Don Price and E. L. Bolke, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.
- No. 27. Water resources of the Heber-Kamas-Park City area, north-central Utah, by C. H. Baker, Jr., U.S. Geological Survey, 1970.
- No. 28. Ground-water conditions in southern Utah Valley and Goshen Valley, Utah, by R. M. Cordova, U.S. Geological Survey, 1970.
- No. 29. Hydrologic reconnaissance of Grouse Creek valley, Box Elder County, Utah, by J. W. Hood and Don Price, U.S. Geological Survey, 1970.
- No. 30. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Park Valley area, Box Elder County, Utah, by J. W. Hood, U.S. Geological Survey, 1971.
- No. 31. Water resources of Salt Lake County, Utah, by A. G. Hely, R. W. Mower, and C. A. Harr, U.S. Geological Survey, 1971.
- No. 32. Geology and water resources of the Spanish Valley area, Grand and San Juan Counties, Utah, by C. T. Sumsion, U.S. Geological Survey, 1971.
- No. 33. Hydrologic reconnaissance of Hansel Valley and northern Rozel Flat, Box Elder County, Utah, by J. W. Hood, U.S. Geological Survey, 1971.
- No. 34. Summary of water resources of Salt Lake County, Utah, by A. G. Hely, R. W. Mower, and C. A. Harr, U.S. Geological Survey, 1971.
- No. 35. Ground-water conditions in the East Shore area, Box Elder, Davis, and Weber Counties, Utah, 1960-69, by E. L. Bolke and K. M. Waddell, U.S. Geological Survey, 1972.
- No. 36. Ground-water resources of Cache Valley, Utah and Idaho, by L. J. Bjorklund and L. J. McGreevy, U.S. Geological Survey, 1971.
- No. 37. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Blue Creek Valley area, Box Elder County, Utah, by E. L. Bolke and Don Price, U.S. Geological Survey, 1972.
- No. 38. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Promontory Mountains area, Box Elder County, Utah, by J. W. Hood, U.S. Geological Survey, 1972.
- No. 39. Reconnaissance of chemical quality of surface water and fluvial sediment in the Price River Basin, Utah, by J. C. Mundorff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1972.
- No. 40. Ground-water conditions in the central Virgin River basin, Utah, by R. M. Cordova, G. W. Sandberg, and Wilson McConkie, U.S. Geological Survey, 1972.

- No. 41. Hydrologic reconnaissance of Pilot Valley, Utah and Nevada, by J. C. Stephens and J. W. Hood, U.S. Geological Survey, 1973.
- No. 42. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the northern Great Salt Lake Desert and summary hydrologic reconnaissance of northwestern Utah, by J. C. Stephens, U.S. Geological Survey, 1973.
- No. 43. Water resources of the Milford area, Utah, with emphasis on ground water, by R. W. Mower and R. M. Cordova, U.S. Geological Survey, 1974.
- No. 44. Ground-water resources of the lower Bear River drainage basin, Box Elder County, Utah, by L. J. Bjorklund and L. J. McGreevy, U.S. Geological Survey, 1974.
- No. 45. Water resources of the Curlew Valley drainage basin, Utah and Idaho, by C. H. Baker, Jr., U.S. Geological Survey, 1974.
- No. 46. Water-quality reconnaissance of surface inflow to Utah Lake, by J. C. Mundorff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1974.
- No. 47. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Wah Wah Valley drainage basin, Millard and Beaver Counties, Utah, by J. C. Stephens, U.S. Geological Survey, 1974.
- No. 48. Estimating mean streamflow in the Duchesne River basin, Utah, by R. W. Cruff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1974.
- No. 49. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the southern Uinta Basin, Utah and Colorado, by Don Price and L. L. Miller, U.S. Geological Survey, 1975.
- No. 50. Seepage study of the Rocky Point Canal and the Grey Mountain-Pleasant Valley Canal systems, Duchesne County, Utah, by R. W. Cruff and J. W. Hood, U.S. Geological Survey, 1976.
- No. 51. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Pine Valley drainage basin, Millard, Beaver, and Iron Counties, Utah, by J. C. Stephens, U.S. Geological Survey, 1976.
- No. 52. Seepage study of canals in Beaver Valley, Beaver County, Utah, by R. W. Cruff and R. W. Mower, U.S. Geological Survey, 1976.
- No. 53. Characteristics of aquifers in the northern Uinta Basin area, Utah and Colorado, by J. W. Hood, U.S. Geological Survey, 1976.
- No. 54. Hydrologic evaluation of Ashley Valley, northern Uinta Basin area, Utah, by J. W. Hood, U.S. Geological Survey, 1977.
- No. 55. Reconnaissance of water quality in the Duchesne River basin and some adjacent drainage areas, Utah, by J. C. Mundorff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1977.

- No. 56. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Tule Valley drainage basin, Juab and Millard Counties, Utah, by J. C. Stephens, U.S. Geological Survey, 1977.
- No. 57. Hydrologic evaluation of the upper Duchesne River valley, northern Uinta Basin area, Utah, by J. W. Hood, U.S. Geological Survey, 1977.
- No. 58. Seepage study of the Sevier Valley-Piute Canal, Sevier County, Utah, by R. W. Cruff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1977.
- No. 59. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Dugway Valley-Government Creek area, west-central Utah, by J. C. Stephens and C. T. Sumsion, U.S. Geological Survey, 1978.
- No. 60. Ground-water resources of the Parowan-Cedar City drainage basin, Iron County, Utah, by L. J. Bjorklund, C. T. Sumsion, and G. W. Sandberg, U.S. Geological Survey, 1978.
- No. 61. Ground-water conditions in the Navajo Sandstone in the central Virgin River basin, Utah, by R. M. Cordova, U.S. Geological Survey, 1978.
- No. 62. Water resources of the northern Uinta Basin area, Utah and Colorado, with special emphasis on ground-water supply, by J. W. Hood and F. K. Fields, U.S. Geological Survey, 1978.
- No. 63. Hydrology of the Beaver Valley area, Beaver County, Utah with emphasis on ground water, by R. W. Mower, U.S. Geological Survey, 1978.
- No. 64. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Fish Springs Flat area, Tooele, Juab, and Millard Counties, Utah, by E. L. Bolke and C. T. Sumsion, U.S. Geological Survey, 1978.
- No. 65. Reconnaissance of chemical quality of surface water and fluvial sediment in the Dirty Devil River basin, Utah, by J. C. Mundorff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1978.
- No. 66. Aquifer tests of the Navajo Sandstone near Caineville, Wayne County, Utah, by J. W. Hood and T. W. Danielson, U.S. Geological Survey, 1979.
- No. 67. Seepage study of the West Side and West Canals, Box Elder County, by R. W. Cruff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1980.
- No. 68. Bedrock aquifers in the lower Dirty Devil River basin area, Utah, with special emphasis on the Navajo Sandstone, by J. W. Hood and T. W. Danielson, U.S. Geological Survey, 1980.
- No. 69. Ground-water conditions in Tooele Valley, Utah, 1976-78, by A. C. Razem and J. I. Steiger, U.S. Geological Survey, 1980.

- No. 70. Ground-water conditions in the Upper Virgin River and Kanab Creek basins area, Utah, with emphasis on the Navajo Sandstone, by R. M. Cordova, U.S. Geological Survey, 1981.
- No. 71. Hydrologic reconnaissance of the Southern Great Salt Lake Desert and summary of the hydrology of West-Central Utah, by Joseph S. Gates and Stacie A. Kruer, U.S. Geological Survey, 1980.

WATER CIRCULARS

- No. 1. Ground water in the Jordan Valley, Salt Lake County, Utah, by Ted Arnow, U.S. Geological Survey, 1965.
- No. 2. Ground water in Tooele Valley, Utah, by J. S. Gates and O. A. Keller, U.S. Geological Survey, 1970.

BASIC-DATA REPORTS

- *No. 1. Records and water-level measurements of selected wells and chemical analyses of ground water, East Shore area, Davis, Weber, and Box Elder Counties, Utah, by R. E. Smith, U.S. Geological Survey, 1961.
- No. 2. Records of selected wells and springs, selected drillers' logs of wells, and chemical analyses of ground and surface waters, northern Utah Valley, Utah County, Utah, by Seymour Subitzky, U.S. Geological Survey, 1962.
- No. 3. Ground-water data, central Sevier Valley, parts of Sanpete, Sevier, and Piute Counties, Utah, by C. H. Carpenter and R. A. Young, U.S. Geological Survey, 1963.
- *No. 4. Selected hydrologic data, Jordan Valley, Salt Lake County, Utah, by I. W. Marine and Don Price, U.S. Geological Survey, 1963.
- *No. 5. Selected hydrologic data, Pavant Valley, Millard County, Utah, by R. W. Mower, U.S. Geological Survey, 1963.
- *No. 6. Ground-water data, parts of Washington, Iron, Beaver, and Millard Counties, Utah, by G. W. Sandberg, U.S. Geological Survey, 1963.
- No. 7. Selected hydrologic data, Tooele Valley, Tooele County, Utah, by J. S. Gates, U.S. Geological Survey, 1963.
- No. 8. Selected hydrologic data, upper Sevier River basin, Utah, by C. H. Carpenter, G. B. Robinson, Jr., and L. J. Bjorklund, U.S. Geological Survey, 1964.
- *No. 9. Ground-water data, Sevier Desert, Utah, by R. W. Mower and R. D. Feltis, U.S. Geological Survey, 1964.

- No. 10. Quality of surface water in the Sevier Lake basin, Utah, by D. C. Hahl and R. E. Cabell, U.S. Geological Survey, 1965.
- *No. 11. Hydrologic and climatologic data, collected through 1964, Salt Lake County, Utah, by W. V. Iorns, R. W. Mower, and C. A. Horr, U.S. Geological Survey, 1966.
- No. 12. Hydrologic and climatologic data, 1965, Salt Lake County, Utah, by W. V. Iorns, R. W. Mower, and C. A. Horr, U.S. Geological Survey, 1966.
- No. 13. Hydrologic and climatologic data, 1966, Salt Lake County, Utah, by A. G. Hely, R. W. Mower, and C. A. Horr, U.S. Geological Survey, 1967.
- No. 14. Selected hydrologic data, San Pitch River drainage basin, Utah, by G. B. Robinson, Jr., U.S. Geological Survey, 1968.
- No. 15. Hydrologic and climatologic data, 1967, Salt Lake County, Utah, by A. G. Hely, R. W. Mower, and C. A. Horr, U.S. Geological Survey, 1968.
- No. 16. Selected hydrologic data, southern Utah and Goshen Valleys, Utah, by R. M. Cordova, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.
- No. 17. Hydrologic and climatologic data, 1968, Salt Lake County, Utah, by A. G. Hely, R. W. Mower, and C. A. Horr, U.S. Geological Survey, 1969.
- No. 18. Quality of surface water in the Bear River basin, Utah, Wyoming, and Idaho, by K. M. Waddell, U.S. Geological Survey, 1970.
- No. 19. Daily water-temperature records for Utah streams, 1944-68, by G. L. Whitaker, U.S. Geological Survey, 1970.
- No. 20. Water-quality data for the Flaming Gorge area, Utah and Wyoming, by R. J. Madison, U.S. Geological Survey, 1970.
- No. 21. Selected hydrologic data, Cache Valley, Utah and Idaho, by L. J. McGreevy and L. J. Bjorklund, U.S. Geological Survey, 1970.
- No. 22. Periodic water- and air-temperature records for Utah streams, 1966-70, by G. L. Whitaker, U.S. Geological Survey, 1971.
- No. 23. Selected hydrologic data, lower Bear River drainage basin, Box Elder County, Utah, by L. J. Bjorklund and L. J. McGreevy, U.S. Geological Survey, 1973.
- No. 24. Water-quality data for the Flaming Gorge Reservoir area, Utah and Wyoming, 1969-72, by E. L. Bolke and K. M. Waddell, U.S. Geological Survey, 1972.

- No. 25. Streamflow characteristics in northeastern Utah and adjacent areas, by F. K. Fields, U.S. Geological Survey, 1975.
- No. 26. Selected hydrologic data, Uinta Basin area, Utah and Colorado, by J. W. Hood, J. C. Mundorff, and Don Price, U.S. Geological Survey, 1976.
- No. 27. Chemical and physical data for the Flaming Gorge Reservoir area, Utah and Wyoming, by E. L. Bolke, U.S. Geological Survey, 1976.
- No. 28. Selected hydrologic data, Parowan Valley and Cedar City Valley drainage basins, Iron County, Utah, by L. J. Bjorklund, C. T. Sumsion, and G. W. Sandberg, U.S. Geological Survey, 1977.
- No. 29. Climatologic and hydrologic data, southeastern Uinta Basin, Utah and Colorado, water years 1975 and 1976, by L. S. Conroy and F. K. Fields, U.S. Geological Survey, 1977.
- No. 30. Selected ground-water data, Bonneville Salt Flats and Pilot Valley, western Utah, by G. C.' Lines, U.S. Geological Survey, 1977.
- No. 31. Selected hydrologic data, Wasatch Plateau-Book Cliffs coal-fields area, Utah, by K. M. Waddell and others, U.S. Geological Survey, 1978.
- No. 32. Selected coal-related ground-water data, Wasatch Plateau-Book Cliffs area, Utah, by C. T. Sumsion, U.S. Geological Survey, 1979.
- No. 33. Hydrologic and climatologic data, southeastern Uinta Basin, Utah and Colorado, water year 1977, by L. S. Conroy, U.S. Geological Survey, 1979.
- No. 34. Hydrologic and climatologic data, southeastern Uinta Basin, Utah and Colorado, water year 1978, by L. S. Conroy, U.S. Geological Survey, 1980.
- No. 35. Ground-water data for the Beryl-Enterprise area, Escalante Desert, Utah, by R. W. Mower, U.S. Geological Survey, 1981.

INFORMATION BULLETINS

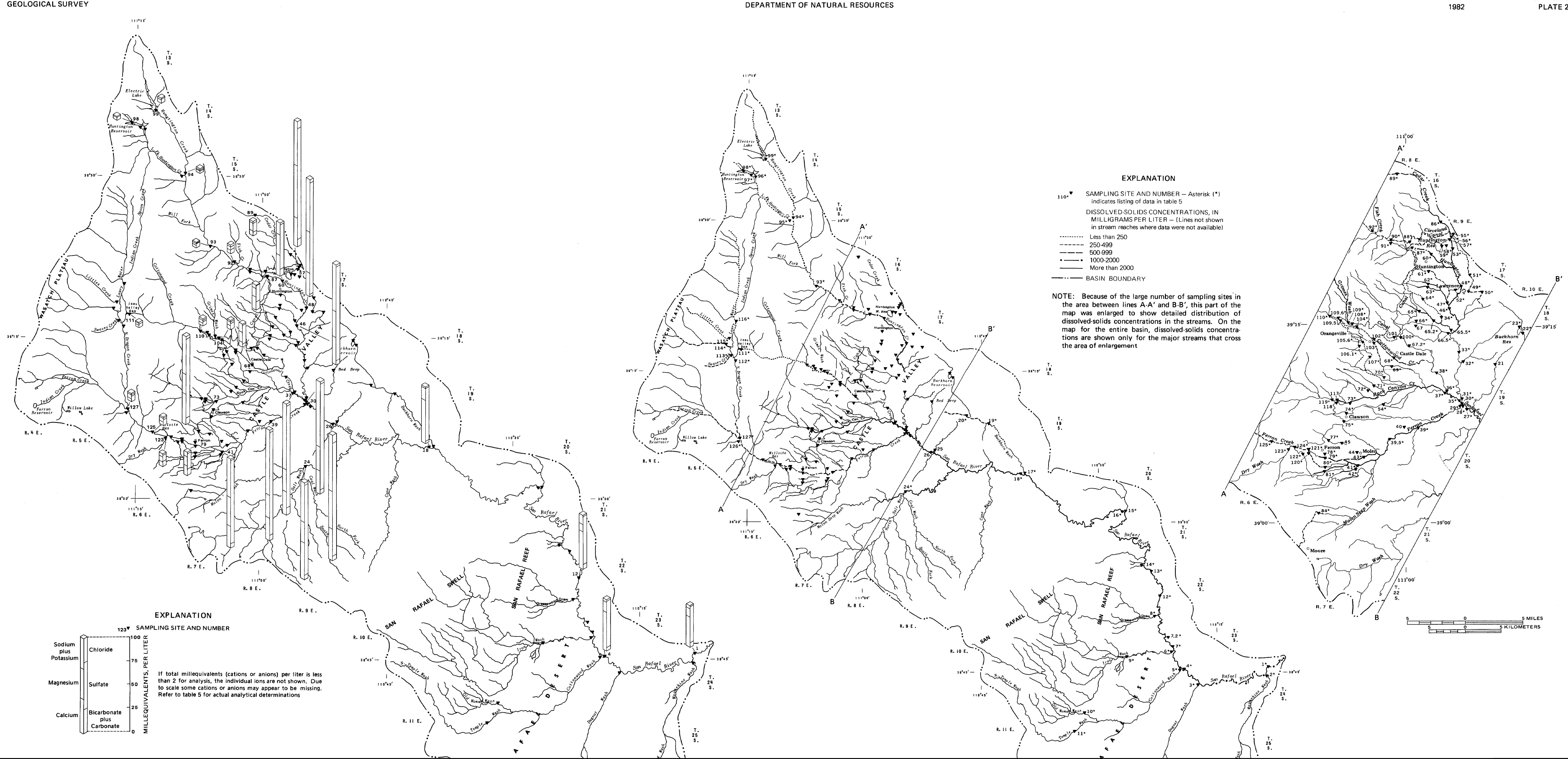
- *No. 1. Plan of work for the Sevier River Basin (Sec. 6, P. L. 566), U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1960.
- *No. 2. Water production from oil wells in Utah, by Jerry Tuttle, Utah State Engineer's Office, 1960.
- *No. 3. Ground-water areas and well logs, central Sevier Valley, Utah, by R. A. Young, U.S. Geological Survey, 1960.

- *No. 4. Ground-water investigations in Utah in 1960 and reports published by the U.S. Geological Survey or the Utah State Engineer prior to 1960, by H. D. Goode, U.S. Geological Survey, 1960.
- *No. 5. Developing ground water in the central Sevier Valley, Utah, by R. A. Young and C. H. Carpenter, U.S. Geological Survey, 1961.
- *No. 6. Work outline and report outline for Sevier River basin survey, (Sec. 6, P. L. 566), U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1961.
- *No. 7. Relation of the deep and shallow artesian aquifers near Lynndyl, Utah, by R. W. Mower, U.S. Geological Survey, 1961.
- *No. 8. Projected 1975 municipal water-use requirements, Davis County, Utah, by Utah State Engineer's Office, 1962.
- No. 9. Projected 1975 municipal water-use requirements, Weber County, Utah, by Utah State Engineer's Office, 1962.
- *No. 10. Effects on the shallow artesian aquifer of withdrawing water from the deep artesian aquifer near Sugarville, Millard County, Utah, by R. W. Mower, U.S. Geological Survey, 1963.
- *No. 11. Amendments to plan of work and work outline for the Sevier River basin (Sec. 6, P. L. 566), U.S. Department of Agriculture, 1964.
- *No. 12. Test drilling in the upper Sevier River drainage basin, Garfield and Piute Counties, Utah, by R. D. Feltis and G. B. Robinson, Jr., U.S. Geological Survey, 1963.
- *No. 13. Water requirements of lower Jordan River, Utah, by Karl Harris, Irrigation Engineer, Agricultural Research Service, Phoenix, Arizona, prepared under informal cooperation approved by Mr. W. W. Donnan, Chief, Southwest Branch (Riverside, California) Soil and Water Conservation Research Division, Agricultural Research Service, U.S.D.A., and by W. D. Criddle, State Engineer, State of Utah, Salt Lake City, Utah, 1964.
- *No. 14. Consumptive use of water by native vegetation and irrigated crops in the Virgin River area of Utah, by W. D. Criddle, J. M. Bagley, R. K. Higginson, and D. W. Hendricks, through cooperation of Utah Agricultural Experiment Station, Agricultural Research Service, Soil and Water Conservation Branch, Western Soil and Water Management Section, Utah Water and Power Board, and Utah State Engineer, Salt Lake City, Utah, 1964.
- *No. 15. Ground-water conditions and related water-administration problems in Cedar City Valley, Iron County, Utah, February, 1966, by J. A. Barnett and F. T. Mayo, Utah State Engineer's Office.
- *No. 16. Summary of water well drilling activities in Utah, 1960 through 1965, compiled by Utah State Engineer's Office, 1966.

- *No. 17. Bibliography of U.S. Geological Survey water-resources reports for Utah, compiled by O. A. Keller, U.S. Geological Survey, 1966.
- *No. 18. The effect of pumping large-discharge wells on the ground-water reservoir in southern Utah Valley, Utah County, Utah, by R. M. Cordova and R. W. Mower, U.S. Geological Survey, 1967.
- No. 19. Ground-water hydrology of southern Cache Valley, Utah, by L. P. Beer, Utah State Engineer's Office, 1967.
- *No. 20. Fluvial sediment in Utah, 1905-65, A data compilation by J. C. Mundorff, U.S. Geological Survey, 1968.
- *No. 21. Hydrogeology of the eastern portion of the south slopes of the Uinta Mountains, Utah, by L. G. Moore and D. A. Barker, U.S. Bureau of Reclamation, and J. D. Maxwell and B. L. Bridges, Soil Conservation Service, 1971.
- *No. 22. Bibliography of U.S. Geological Survey water-resources reports for Utah, compiled by B. A. LaPray, U.S. Geological Survey, 1972.
- *No. 23. Bibliography of U.S. Geological Survey water-resources reports for Utah, compiled by B. A. LaPray, U.S. Geological Survey, 1975.
- No. 24. A water-land use management model for the Sevier River Basin, Phase I and II, by V. A. Narasimham and Eugene K. Israelsen, Utah Water Research Laboratory, College of Engineering, Utah State University, 1975.
- No. 25. A water-land use management model for the Sevier River Basin, Phase III, by Eugene K. Israelsen, Utah Water Research Laboratory, College of Engineering, Utah State University, 1976.
- No. 26 Test drilling for fresh water in Tooele Valley, Utah, by K. H. Ryan, B. W. Nance, and A. C. Razem, Utah Department of Natural Resources, 1981.
- No. 27. Bibliography of U.S. Geological Survey Water-Resources Reports for Utah, compiled by Barbara A. LaPray and Linda S. Hamblin, U.S. Geological Survey, 1980.

.

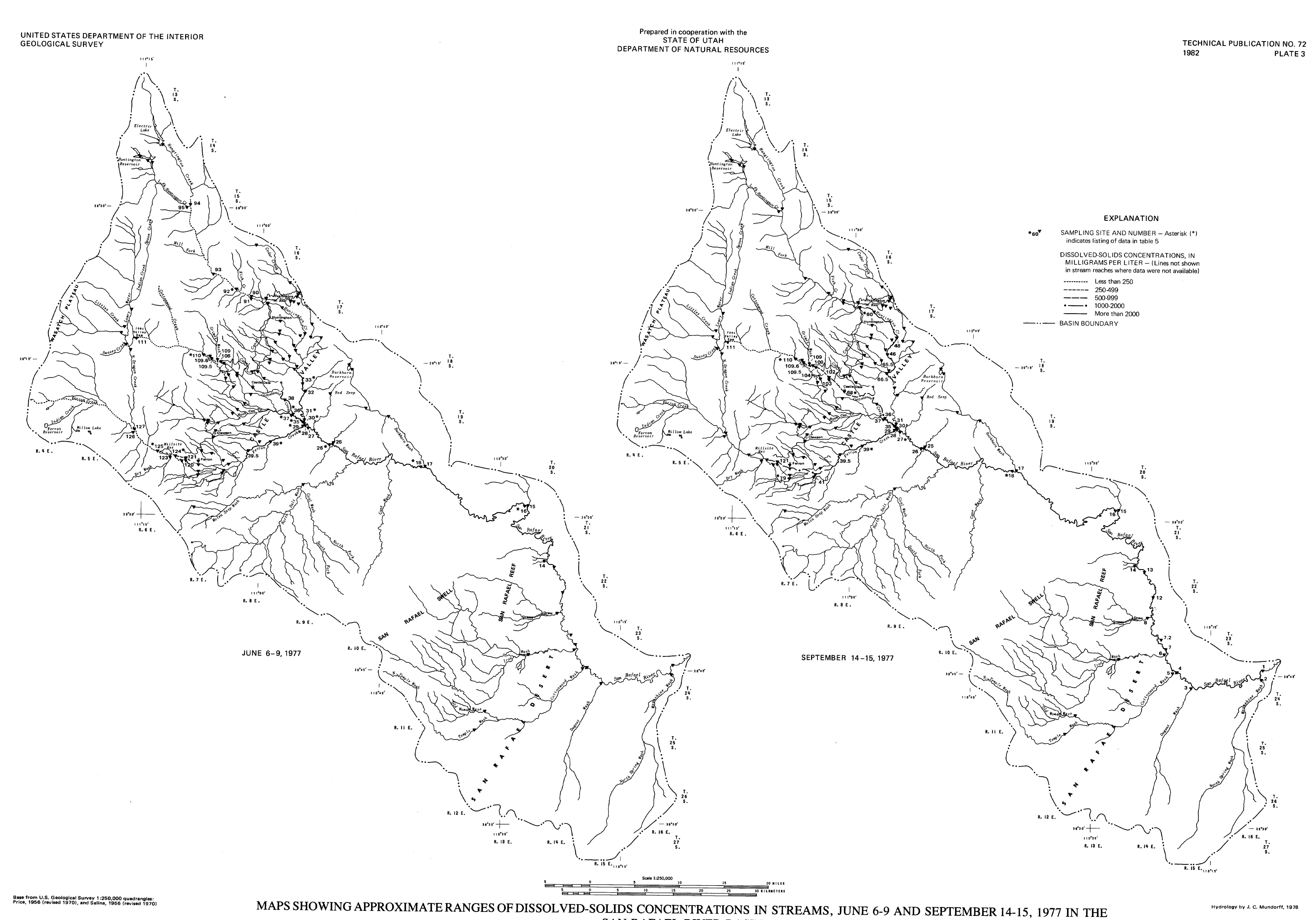






Prepared in cooperation with the STATE OF UTAH

TECHNICAL PUBLICATION NO. 72 PLATE 2





SAN RAFAEL RIVER BASIN

PLATE 3

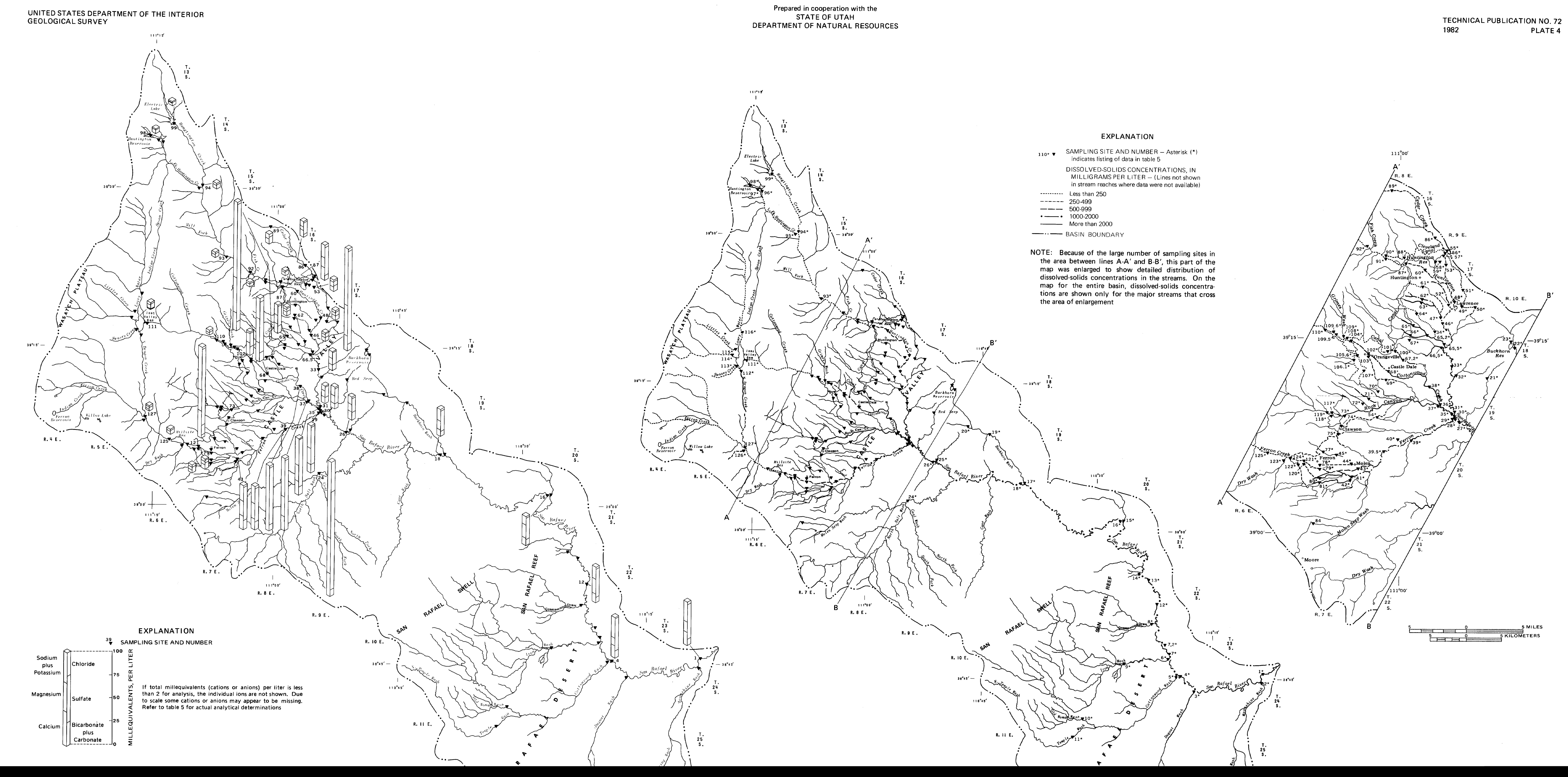


PLATE 4

